COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

JUNE 30, 2019



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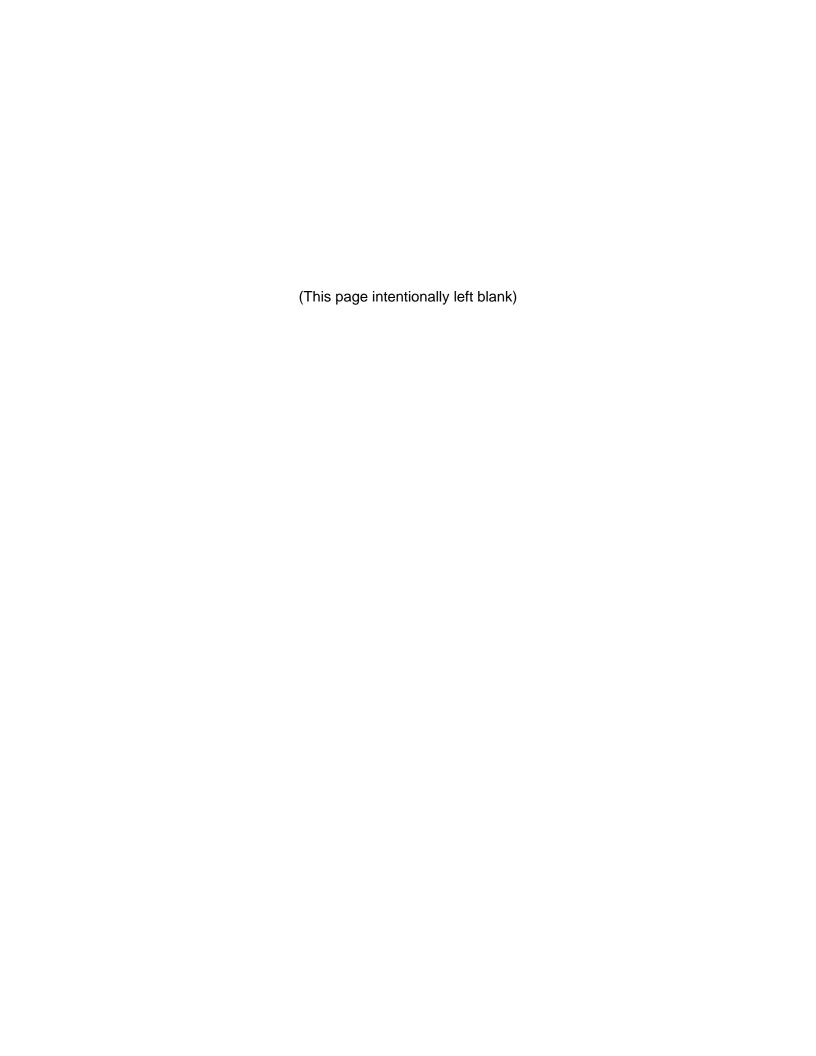
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COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2019

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Term Expires
	Board of Education	
Randy Bauer	President	2019
Greg Kelsey Jed Peterson Todd Hahlen Angela Ehle Dot Pospischil Jim Hodina	Board Member Board Member Board Member Board Member Board Member Board Member	2019 2021 2021 2019 2019 2021
	School Officials	
Douglas W heeler	Superintendent	June 30, 2021
James A. Rotter, Jr.	District Secretary - Treasurer and Director of Business Services	Retired August 2019
Angie Morrison	District Secretary-Chief Financial Officer	Indefinite





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Education College Community School District Cedar Rapids, Iowa

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the College Community School District (the District), Cedar Rapids, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the College Community School District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the pension liability, schedule of District contributions, and the schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability, related ratios, and notes, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the College Community School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1-9, as required by the state of Iowa, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is also presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

We also have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the College Community School District's financial statements for the nine years ended June 30, 2018, which are not presented with the accompanying financial statements, and we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. Those audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the College Community School District's basic financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information included in Schedule 8 for the nine years ending June 30, 2018, is presented for purposes of additional analysis, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements for those nine years ending June 30, 2018. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of those basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the nine years ending June 30, 2018 presented in schedule 8 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements from which they have been derived.

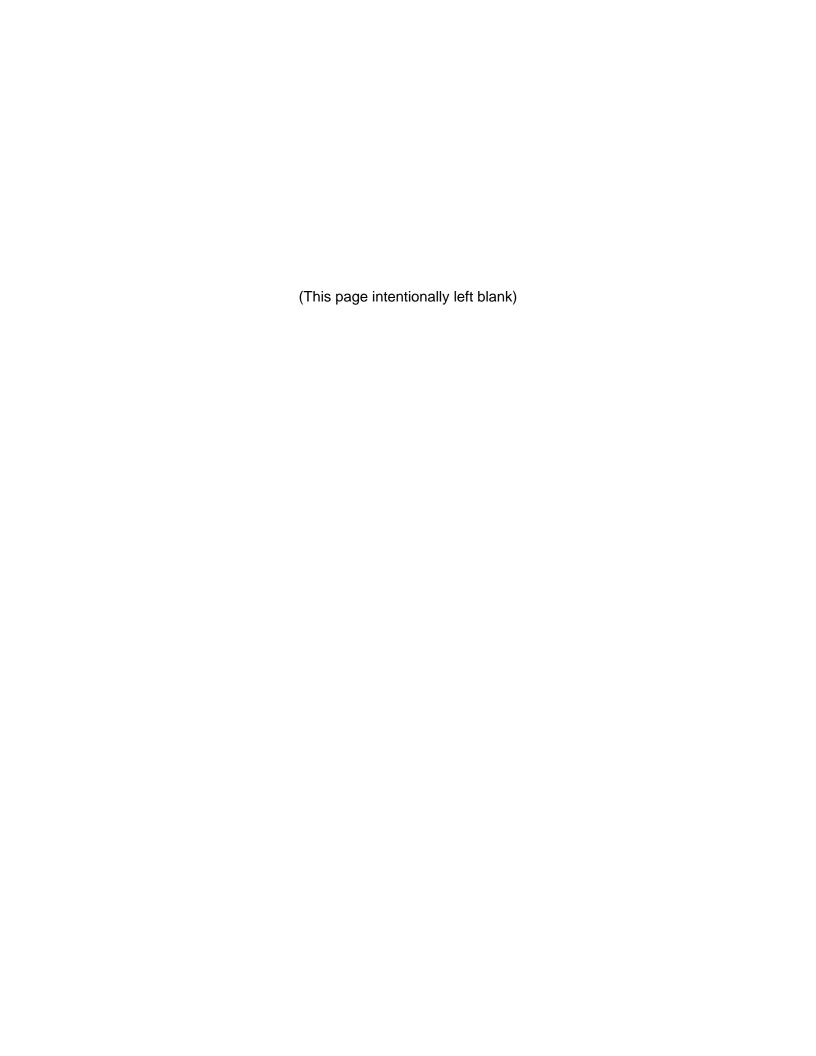
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2019 on our consideration of College Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of College Community School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. The report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering College Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

lifton Larson Allen LLP

Cedar Rapids, Iowa December 4, 2019



Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the College Community School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The analysis focuses on the District's financial performance as a whole. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Efforts have been made to provide comparison to prior year data when such data is available. Comparison to prior year data will be provided for all key financial information.

Financial Highlights

- The State of Iowa allowed a 1% growth (State Supplemental Aid) for the 2018-19 school year. This followed the 1.1% State Supplemental Aid growth in 2017-18. District Certified enrollment increased from 5086.6 in October 2016 to 5162.7 in October of 2017. These increased dollars were made up of a combination of State aid and local taxes. This increase represents a continued modest increase in funding representative of recent funding growth from the State. The District did see a slight decline in enrollment to 5139.6 in October of 2018 which will affect funding for the 2019-20 school year.
- The District spent over \$21 million on construction and remodeling projects during the year. Projects included continued work on the High School renovation project, Prairie View Elementary renovation and the construction of a new Early Childhood Center. Construction projects will continue in 2019-20 as the District continues to renovate older buildings. The District purchased over half a million in computer hardware and related software during the year. These purchases were funded with PPEL and statewide sales tax dollars and are becoming a prevalent ongoing cost related to the Districts operations. The District sold GO bonds during the year in the amount of \$9,505,000. These funds will be utilized for current work on the high school remodel. The District also sold a \$7,069,000 million Sales and Service Tax bond for additional dollars towards the high school project as well as the Prairie View Elementary renovation. Total General & SAVE obligation bond principal totaled \$101.4 million as of June 30, 2019.
- The General Fund balance (total equity) increased from \$6,048,269 on June 30, 2018 to \$10,042,447 on June 30, 2019. This equates to a 14.6% solvency ratio which is up from an 8.7% ratio one year ago. Solvency ratios between 5-15% are considered "good" or "excellent" according to the Iowa School Board Association. The District's net cash position was \$8.66 million in the General Fund on June 30th which represents an improvement from last year's balance which was \$4.97 million.
- Interest rates remained relatively low with public fund investment rates over the course of the year. These rates yielded \$474,545 in revenue across all funds.
- The District's ability to levy cash has had a positive effect on the cash position of the District. The District levied cash reserve dollars of \$5.27 million in 2017-18, and \$5.2 million in 2018-19, as well as \$3.5 million in 2019-20. The District will continue to Levy Cash in subsequent years to maintain satisfactory reserve levels (solvency) in the 5-15% range.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: required supplementary information, which includes Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), budgetary comparison schedules and schedule of funding progress for the retiree health plan, the basic financial statements, and supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

The first two statements are District-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.

- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the District-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary funds statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities the District operates like businesses, such as food services.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

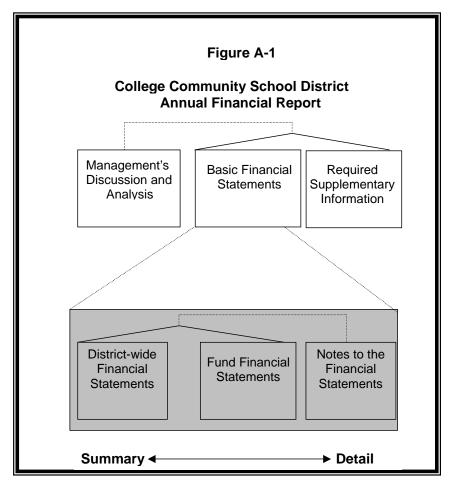


Figure A-2:	Major Feature	es of the District Wide	e and Fund Financial	Statements	
	District-wide	Fund Financial Statemen	its		
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds	
Scope	Entire district (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the district operates similar to private businesses: food services is included here	Instances in which the district administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies	
Required financial statements	 Statement of net position Statement of activities 	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	Statement of net position Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position Statement of cash flows	 Statement of fiduciary net position Statement of changes in fiduciary net position 	
Accounting Basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long- term liabilities included	expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-		
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	

District-Wide Financial Statements

The District-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide statements report the District's *net position* and how they have changed. Net position - the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows - is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such
 as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other
 facilities.

In the District-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities: The District charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides, such as the food service program.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants).

The District has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in
 proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the District-wide
 statements. The District's enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its
 business-type activities but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.
 Internal service funds (the other kind of proprietary fund) are optional and available to report
 activities that provide supplies and services for other District programs and activities. At this
 time the District utilizes a print shop fund for this purpose.
- Fiduciary funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as a scholarship fund. The District accounts for outside donations to specific District schools for specific purposes in this fund. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the District-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Net position: The District's net position is evidenced below in Figure A-3. Combined total net position has increased by 51.8%. This increase is due to increases in current assets as well as the large increase in capital assets due to construction and renovations. Liabilities increased as well. The District is required to report GASB No. 68 and GASB No. 75 liabilities which are within these numbers.

Figure A-3	Condensed Statement of Net Position (Expressed in Thousands)												
		Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities			Total School District				Total Change	
	_	2019	VILIC	2018		2019	_	2018		2019	illo	2018	2018-2019
Current and Other Assets	\$	69,341	\$	65,073	\$	1,408	\$	1,018	\$	70,749	\$	66,091	7.0%
Capital Assets		135,712	·	116,694	·	1,126	·	522	·	136,838	·	117,216	16.7%
Total Assets		205,053		181,767		2,534		1,540		207,587		183,307	13.2%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	11,196	\$	11,563	\$	510	\$	590	\$	11,706	\$	12,153	-3.7%
Long-Term Obligations		152,218		139,853		1,809		1,841		154,027		141,694	8.7%
Other Liabilities		3,811		3,742		193		184		4,004		3,926	2.0%
Total Liabilities		156,029		143,595		2,002		2,025		158,031		145,620	8.5%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	36,074	\$	33,265	\$	120	\$	61	\$	36,194	\$	33,326	8.6%
Net Position													
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	38,991	\$	35,491	\$	1,125	\$	523	\$	40,116	\$	36,014	11.4%
Restricted		13,780		11,808		-		-		13,780		11,808	16.7%
Unrestricted		(28,625)		(30,829)		(203)		(479)		(28,828)		(31,308)	-7.9%
Total Net Position	\$	24,146	\$	16,470	\$	922	\$	44	\$	25,068	\$	16,514	51.8%

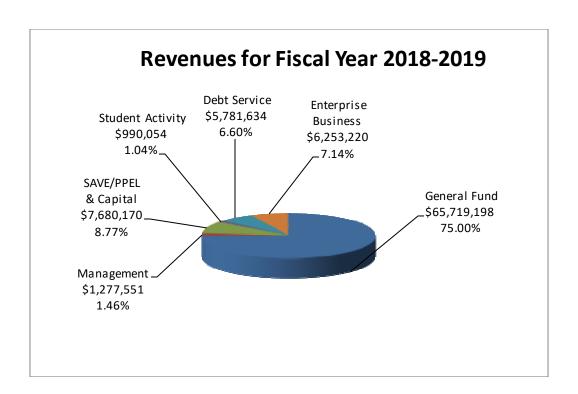
Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions-an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27</u> was implemented during fiscal year 2015. In the past, pension expense was the amount of the employer contribution. Current reporting provides a more comprehensive measure of pension expense which is more reflective of the amounts employees earned during the year.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB), was implemented during fiscal year 2018. The beginning net position as of July 1, 2017 for governmental activities, as stated on chart A-4 below, were restated in 2017-18 to report the OPEB liability as of July 1, 2017. Fiscal year 2016-17 financial statement amounts for deferred inflows and outflows were not restated as the information was not available. Current reporting provides a more comprehensive measure of the OPEB liability.

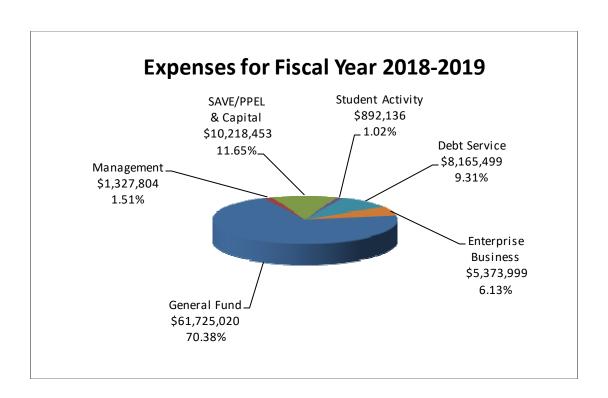
Figure A-4 below reflects totals from the 2018-19 fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Figure A-4	Changes in Net Position (Expressed in Thousands)												
		Goverr Activ			Business-Type Activities					Total School District			
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018	
Revenues:													
Program Revenues													
Charges for Service and Sales Operating Grants, Contributions,	\$	6,843	\$	7,175	\$	4,219	\$	4,103	\$	11,062	\$	11,278	
and Restricted Interest Capital Grants, Contributions,		9,521		9,331		1,315		1,303		10,836		10,634	
and Restricted Interest General Revenues		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Property Tax		41,400		38,890		_		-		41,400		38,890	
Unrestricted State Grants		23,306		22,610		-		-		23,306		22,610	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings		474		295		1		-		475		295	
Transfers		(719)		-		719		-		-		-	
Other		56		296		-		-		56		296	
Total Revenues		80,881		78,597		6,254		5,406		87,135		84,003	
Program Expenses: Governmental Activities													
Instruction		43.840		43.006		_		-		43,840		43,006	
Support Services		21,725		22,003		40		42		21,765		22,045	
Non-Instructional Activities		-		-		5,334		5,375		5,334		5,375	
Other Expenses		7,640		8,221		-				7,640		8,221	
Total Expenses		73,205		73,230		5,374		5,417		78,579		78,647	
Change in Net Position	\$	7,676	\$	5,367	\$	880	\$	(11)	\$	8,556	\$	5,356	
Net Position Beginning of Year		16,470		11,101		43		55		16,513		11,156	
Net Position End of Year	\$	24,146	\$	16,468	\$	923	\$	44	\$	25,069	\$	16,512	

District's total revenues increased \$3.1 million from the previous year, while total expenditures decreased slightly. Total net position increased \$8.56 million. This increase is attributed to the District's governmental activities. The District's governmental activity shows minimal increased costs for staff positions and expected increased revenues. Property tax collections continue to climb as the District was able to levy cash reserve for a consecutive third fiscal year. Cash reserve levy is the District's only means of recovering previous year expenses beyond those revenues provided by the State formula. Student enrollment, net open enrollment, and state supplemental aid have a significant role on revenues generated by the District. During the past 5 years, open enrollment and tuition-generated revenue are as follows: fiscal year fiscal year 2014 \$4.82 million, fiscal year 2015 \$5.00 million, fiscal year 2016 \$4.85 million, fiscal year 2017 \$5.27 million, fiscal year 2018 \$5.19 million and fiscal year 2019 \$5.21 million. Business-type activities had an increase in revenue and a slight decrease in expenditures. Resident enrollment, not including 4-year-old preschool students, increased from 4,115 in September 2008 to 5,139 in October 2018. This calculates to an average of an additional 102 students per year.



The chart above illustrates total revenues for the 2018-19 school year. The General Fund accounts for the largest portion of revenues. The chart below illustrates total expenses which indicate the greatest portion of dollars were spent in the General Fund followed by Debt Service and Enterprise funds.



Governmental Activities

Governmental activities are primarily supported through the State aid formula and local property taxes. The overall property tax base (taxable valuation) has increased from \$1,471,743,849 in 2008 to \$2,127,691,087 in 2018. This 45% increase over the ten-year period averages to 5.69% per year. The increase from 2017 to 2018 was 5.3%.

The overall District tax rate was \$16.63 per thousand in the 2019 fiscal year, which was slightly less than the levy in the 2018 school year. The State Supplemental Aid increase was 1% which was less than the previous year's 1.1%. The ability to levy dollars locally has become increasingly important due to low supplemental aid increases and the District's increased enrollment and special education deficit.

Figure A-5 presents the cost of four District activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, and other expenses. The table shows each activity's *net cost*, (total costs less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the District's taxpayers and State formula by each of these functions.

Figure A-5	Total and Net Cost of Governmental Activities (Expressed in Thousands)						
	Total Cost Net Cost of Services of Services						
Instruction Support Services Non-Instructional Other Expenses Totals	\$ 43,840 \$ 35,416 21,725						

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$73.2 million compared to \$73.2 million a year ago. This stable cost is due to the hiring freeze the District has had for the last several years compared to 2012-13 and 2013-14 when the District was actively adding staff.
- Most of the District's Governmental Activities costs were financed by District and State taxpayers. This portion of governmental activities was financed with \$41.4 million in Local Sources (including property taxes and fees) and \$39.4 million in State and Federal aid.

Business-Type Activities

Program revenues of the District's business-type activities were \$5.535 million, while expenses were \$5.374 million (Refer to Figure A-4). Although these activities are not in place to make a profit, they are organized and structured to operate at a revenue/expense neutral position. The end of year net position decreased slightly from a year ago.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

Business-Type Fund Highlights

- The Nutrition and Daycare Fund balances both remain reduced due to the required GASB 68 (IPERS Liability) adjustment, however they are both increased substantially from the previous year. These adjustments resulted in a Nutrition fund balance of \$898,691 and a Daycare fund balance of (\$198,881). Cash position of the Nutrition fund is \$582,105 and Daycare is \$539,348. This represents an improvement in both funds and indicates that day-to-day costs are being paid for by collected fees for service.
- The Student Built House Fund balance was positively impacted as the 2018-19 house was sold
 within the fiscal year. Each year the timing of selling the house has an effect on the ending cash
 balance as the house usually goes on the market in late spring and sells in either June or July. The
 net result moved the fund balance from \$37,946 to \$63,399.

Governmental Fund Highlights

- The District's General Fund balance increased this year as the District was able to levy cash reserve for a fourth consecutive year. Previous reports have explained the State statutory restrictions on levying cash. The District was able to once again levy cash in 2018-19 to offset lane advancement costs and recover deficit spending in ELL and the Special Education program from the previous year in the amount of \$5.21 million in 2018-19 and \$5.20 million in 2019-20. This, in addition to ongoing funding for added Teacher Leadership positions has resulted in an increase in fund balance. At the time of this report, the District has rebounded from the 23 resident student loss in the previous year with a 54-student gain in October of 2019 which will increase funding in the General Fund for 2020-21. The General Fund overall balance increased from \$6.05 to \$10.04 million during the fiscal year. This increase was anticipated by the District as it realized a 1% increase in State Supplemental aid, savings from the District's early separation program, and the additional revenue from increased enrollment in 2017-18. It is anticipated the fund balance will grow slightly again during the 2019-20 fiscal year.
- The Management Fund balance remains strong and adequate with a closing balance of \$1.44 million. The District pays for its liability, property, fleet, workers compensation insurance, and early separation programs out of the Management Fund. The balance decreased slightly from \$1.49 million at the conclusion of the previous year. The District continues to offer the early retirement program to certified staff in order to save costs in the General Fund. The number of staff that takes advantage of the incentive has an effect on the Management Fund as well.
- The Capital Project fund(s) (SAVE) balance increased from \$7.44 million to \$9.98 million. This significant increase is due to the continuation of the construction of the Early Childhood Center as well as a \$7.069 million bond to provide funds for a portion of the high school and elementary building renovations. The District utilizes SAVE regular revenue funds for capital projects, technology hardware, and to offset bond payments. The district plans to discontinue the bond contribution toward debt service beginning in fiscal 2020. The District renewed the Revenue Purpose Statement in November of 2019 so that future funds from SAVE may continue to be used for all of the uses mentioned previously, namely technology, infrastructure needs, vehicles and other uses allowed by law.

- The Physical Plant and Equipment Levy (PPEL) Fund balance decreased from \$1,197,654 to \$1,132,594. PPEL Fund dollars are utilized to purchase technology and complete general maintenance projects. Funds are also utilized to replace old busses and vans in the District fleet. With its current assessed valuation, the District is able to generate approximately \$2.25 million annually in this fund. This is achieved with the current voter approved \$.67 levy per \$1,000 valuation and Board approved \$.33 per \$1,000. This is less than the maximum allowed voter approved levy of \$1.34 per \$1,000.
- The Other Governmental Funds balance (the Activity Fund) increased slightly from \$637,537 to \$655,455 from the previous fiscal year. The primary activities in this fund include the athletic accounts and building level student activities other than athletics.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Of all Governmental Funds, the General Fund is by far the largest, comprising 62% of all Governmental Fund expenses in the fiscal year. All other Governmental funds combined account for a little less than half of the General Fund expenditures in a typical year. That remained true in the 2018-19 fiscal year.

General Fund expenditures are updated monthly to monitor expenditures and reflect any changes in staffing and non-staffing costs. A comparison of General Fund budgeted to actual expenditures shows actual expenditures of \$61.725 million, which was less than the original budgeted line item amount of \$63.94 million approved in the certified budget in April 2018.

The General Funds "unassigned" fund balance at year-end was 14% of fund revenues, up from 9% a year ago. This is a positive sign affirming District Administration and Board efforts to control costs and increase balances. The Board of Education has supported action to ensure that District General Fund cash reserves are adequate utilizing local property taxes as necessary to fund the growth of the District. Another important aspect of the General fund balance is the actual "spending authority" that accompanies the cash reserve. At the time of this report, it's estimated that the carry over authority is approximately \$7.76 million, up from \$7.5 million a year ago. The current condition of not having the same amount of cash to back up authority improved substantially with an ending cash balance of \$8.66 million compared to \$4.6 million a year ago. The District's Board is committed to replenish the cash reserve through the cash reserve levy. Ensuring there is adequate cash to meet the District's authority is a critical measure as the District continues to grow. As the cash position of the District improves, it will be vital to monitor spending authority. The District has added staffing in the 2018-19 and 2019-20 years that are needed due to growth and increased needs. The District anticipates a decrease in spending authority in the 2019-20 year due to a decrease in special education deficit in 2018-19 as well as the addition of staff coupled with low SSA and the slight dip in enrollment for 2018-19.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

By the end of 2019, the District had invested, net of depreciation, \$136.8 million in a broad range of assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, computer and audio-visual equipment, and administrative offices (See Figure A-6). This amount represents a net increase of 16.7% from a year ago.

Governmental Funds account for all of these assets with the exception of approximately \$1,125,671, which is accounted for in the School Nutrition, Daycare, and Student Built House Funds.

Figure A-6 will continually change as the depreciation of current assets will continue to reduce/offset totals and renovations and additions to buildings are realized.

Figure A-6	Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation (Expressed in Thousands)											
		Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total : Dis	Total Change	
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019	2018	2017-2018
Land	\$	3,973	\$	3,973	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,973	\$ 3,973	0.0%
Construction In Progress		32,106		28,510		-		-		32,106	28,510	12.6%
Buildings		88,786		73,383		-		-		88,786	73,383	21.0%
Improvements Other than Buildings		8,971		8,971		-		-		8,971	8,971	0.0%
Furniture and Equipment		1,876		1,857		1,126		522		3,002	2,379	26.2%
Totals	\$	135,712	\$	116,694	\$	1,126	\$	522	\$	136,838	\$ 117,216	16.7%

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the District had \$154.027 million in general obligation bonds, other long-term debt, OPEB, and pension obligations. This represents an increase of \$12.3 million over the previous fiscal year as can be seen in Figure A-7 below. Fiscal year 2019 marks the 11th year that the District is reporting the Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) per GASB-45 and the 5th year of reporting GASB-68 (IPERS Liability). The OPEB actuarial liability is \$13.85 million and the IPERS (Net Pension) liability is calculated at \$34.82 million. OPEB liabilities are a combination of early retirement incentives offered by the District and implicit benefits guaranteed public employees by State code which allows them to take advantage of group health insurance rates until the age of 65.

Changes in the debt schedule traditionally have been due to the payment on general obligation bonds and the sale of new bonds. This changed significantly as the District is required to report actuarial OPEB and Net Pension amounts. These amounts represent possible future costs based upon individual employee choices about retirement and the State's ability, and will, to fund its IPERS obligations moving forward. The District did also incur new "actual" debt during the fiscal year as mentioned earlier with \$9.505 million in General Obligation bonds sold as approved by District voters in February, 2016 as well as \$7.069 million is SAVE bonds.

Figure A-7	Outstanding Long-Term Obligations (Expressed in Thousands)					
	Total S Dis	Total Change				
	2019	2018				
General Obligation Bonds Bond Premiums Total OPEB Liability Retainage Payable Net Pension Liability Compensated Absences Early Retirement	\$ 101,374 2,483 13,855 999 34,819 195 302 \$ 154,027	\$ 90,255 1,309 11,832 1,347 36,607 210 134 \$ 141,694	12.3% 89.7% 17.1% -25.8% -4.9% 100.0% 125.4% 8.7%			

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

- Financial solvency from both a cash and authority perspective are key to the District's financial
 position as the District continues to grow. Resident enrollment is up again by approximately 54
 students. Certified Staff populations have remained relatively steady although a few administrative
 positions were added in 2019-20.
- State funding growth for public schools for fiscal year 2019 was 1%. Funding for the 2019 fiscal
 year is 2.06%. The District considers these amounts to be inadequate moving forward. State
 Legislators have explained this new funding model as "targeted funding", which includes a number
 of categorical types of funds that can only be spent on specified projects. In some cases, these
 types of funds require additional staff to be hired but do not provide adequate funding to support
 current salary schedules for all remaining staff.
- SAVE funding was extended through 2050 by the legislature in 2019. Current funding levels provide approximately \$972 per resident student per year. With District enrollment increasing, the District received revenue of \$5.29 million. Future revenues will be based on District student population and statewide sales tax figures and is estimated to continue to increase slightly each year.
- District certified enrollment was flat in the fall of 2018 with a decrease of 23 students but an overall increase of 11 students served due to open enrolled in students. The enrollment has rebounded in the fall of 2019. Under lowa's school funding formula, increased resident enrollment can place upward pressure on the District tax levy although the State's commitment to funding supplemental increases has reduced that pressure. Historically, during the same time, property valuations have grown, which also helps offset this pressure. The State continues its initiative to balance property tax rates through an increase in the roll back percentage on residential property, which also provides upward pressure on the local levy rate. It is anticipated that the District can maintain a stable tax levy in the next several years.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability of the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Angie Morrison, Chief Financial Officer, College Community School District, 401 76th Avenue SW, Cedar Rapids, Iowa 52404.



COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

EXHIBIT A

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and Pooled Investments Receivables:	\$ 32,564,387	\$ 1,589,819	\$ 34,154,206
Property Tax:			
Delinquent	137,124	_	137,124
Succeeding Year	33,862,009	_	33,862,009
Accounts	8,498	14,731	23,229
Other	36,083	,	36,083
Internal Balances	250,000	(250,000)	-
Due from Other Governments	2,447,100	29,291	2,476,391
Inventories	25,100	22,403	47,503
Prepaid Items	9,968	2,300	12,268
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	36,079,161	-	36,079,161
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of	,,		,,
Accumulated Depreciation	99,633,336	1,125,671	100,759,007
Total Assets	205,052,766	2,534,215	207,586,981
			, ,
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension Related	9,400,622	510,481	9,911,103
OPEB Related	1,794,986		1,794,986
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	11,195,608	510,481	11,706,089
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	2,461,512	19,796	2,481,308
Accrued Expenses	9,537	103,444	112,981
Salaries and Benefits Payable	225,113	69,341	294,454
Due to Other Governments	659,230	33	659,263
Accrued Interest Payable	455,422	-	455,422
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Portion Due Within One Year:			
Bonds Payable	5,591,000	-	5,591,000
Bond Premiums	235,028	-	235,028
Early Retirement	302,837	-	302,837
Compensated Absences	179,155	16,055	195,210
Retainage Payable	999,087	-	999,087
Portion Due After One Year:			
Bonds Payable	95,783,000	-	95,783,000
Bond Premiums	2,247,593	-	2,247,593
Net Pension Liability	33,025,335	1,793,366	34,818,701
Total OPEB Liability	13,854,879		13,854,879
Total Liabilities	156,028,728	2,002,035	158,030,763

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2019

EXHIBIT A

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Pension Related	\$ 2,211,843	\$ 120,109	\$ 2,331,952
Succeeding Year Property Taxes	33,862,009	-	33,862,009
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	36,073,852	120,109	36,193,961
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	38,990,887	1,125,671	40,116,558
Categorical Funding and Other Reserves	569,335	-	569,335
Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	1,132,594	-	1,132,594
Student Activity Purposes	655,455	-	655,455
Management Levy Purposes	1,440,751	-	1,440,751
Capital Projects	9,982,013	-	9,982,013
Unrestricted	(28,625,241)	(203,119)	(28,828,360)
Total Net Position	\$ 24,145,794	\$ 922,552	\$ 25,068,346

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Program Revenues						
			C	Operating Grants,	Capit	al Grants,	
	C	-	and	d Restricted	and I	Restricted	
 Expenses		Service		Interest		Interest	
\$	\$		\$	958,313	\$	-	
				-		-	
				786,491			
43,840,098		6,678,812		1,744,804		-	
		-				-	
3,778,318		-		4,924,796		-	
6,471,202		-		-		-	
		82,640		-		-	
3,504,249							
21,725,092		164,629		5,428,399		-	
(144,788)		-		-		-	
2,839,429		-		-		-	
2,347,624		-		2,347,624		-	
2,597,520		-		-		-	
7,639,785		-		2,347,624		-	
73,204,975		6,843,441		9,520,827		-	
39,896		-		_		-	
· -		-		_		-	
2,745,997		1,587,958		1,240,166		-	
2,135,568				74,483		-	
162,840		145,404		-		-	
				_		-	
5,373,999		4,218,896		1,314,649		-	
\$ 78,578,974	\$	11,062,337	\$	10,835,476	\$		
	9,237,022 5,645,751 43,840,098 2,201,214 3,778,318 6,471,202 5,770,109 3,504,249 21,725,092 (144,788) 2,839,429 2,347,624 2,597,520 7,639,785 73,204,975 39,896 2,745,997 2,135,568 162,840 289,698 5,373,999	\$ 28,957,325 \$ 9,237,022	\$ 28,957,325 \$ 3,306,331 9,237,022 2,142,562 5,645,751 1,229,919 43,840,098 6,678,812 2,201,214 3,778,318 - 6,471,202 - 5,770,109 82,640 3,504,249 81,989 21,725,092 164,629 (144,788) - 2,839,429 - 2,347,624 - 2,597,520 - 7,639,785 - 73,204,975 6,843,441 39,896	Charges for Service \$ 28,957,325 \$ 3,306,331 \$ 9,237,022 2,142,562 5,645,751 1,229,919 43,840,098 6,678,812 2,201,214	Expenses Charges for Service Operating Grants, Contributions, and Restricted Interest \$ 28,957,325 \$ 3,306,331 \$ 958,313 9,237,022 2,142,562 - 5,645,751 1,229,919 786,491 43,840,098 6,678,812 1,744,804 2,201,214 - 461,288 3,778,318 - 4,924,796 6,471,202 - - 5,770,109 82,640 - 3,504,249 81,989 42,315 21,725,092 164,629 5,428,399 (144,788) - - 2,839,429 - - 2,347,624 - 2,347,624 2,597,520 - - 7,639,785 - 2,347,624 2,597,520 - - 7,639,785 - 2,347,624 2,135,568 2,170,384 74,483 162,840 145,404 - 2,347,624 - - 2,135,568 2,170,384	Expenses Charges for Service Grants, Contributions, and Restricted Interest Capit Contributions, and Restricted Interest And Interest \$ 28,957,325 \$ 3,306,331 \$ 958,313 \$ 2,221,214 - 461,288 - 46,491 - 461,288 - 4,924,796 - 461,288 - 4,924,796 - 4,924,796 - 4,924,796 - 4,924,796 - 4,924,796 - 4,924,796 - 4,924,796 - 4,2315 - 2,347,624 - 2,347,624 - 2,347,624 - 2,347,624 - 2,347,624 - 2,347,624 - 2,347,624 - 2,347,624 - 2,347,624 2,347,624 2,347,624 2,347,624 2,347,624 2,347,624 2,347,624 2,347,624 2,347,624 2,347,624 2,347,624 2,347,624 2,347,624 2,347,624 2,347,624 2,347,624 2,347,624 2,347,624 2,347,624	

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
\$ (24,692,681) (7,094,460) (3,629,341) (35,416,482)	\$ - - - -	\$ (24,692,681) (7,094,460) (3,629,341) (35,416,482)
(1,739,926) 1,146,478 (6,471,202) (5,687,469) (3,379,945) (16,132,064)	- - - - -	(1,739,926) 1,146,478 (6,471,202) (5,687,469) (3,379,945) (16,132,064)
144,788 (2,839,429) - (2,597,520) (5,292,161)	- - - - -	144,788 (2,839,429) - (2,597,520) (5,292,161)
(56,840,707) - - -	(39,896) - 82,127 109,299 (17,436)	(39,896) - 82,127 109,299
\$ (56,840,707)	(17,436) 25,452 159,546 \$ 159,546	(17,436) 25,452 159,546 \$ (56,681,161)

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2019

		Program Revenues	i
	•	Operating	
		Grants,	Capital Grants,
		Contributions,	Contributions,
	Charges for	and Restricted	and Restricted
Expenses	Service	Interest	Interest

GENERAL REVENUES

Property Tax Levied for:
General Purposes
Debt Service
Capital Outlay
Unrestricted State Grants
Unrestricted Investment Earnings
Transfers
Other

Total General Revenues

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR

NET POSITION - END OF YEAR

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

G	overnmental Activities	al Business-Type Activities		 Total
\$	33,397,266	\$	-	\$ 33,397,266
	5,775,897		-	5,775,897
	2,226,811		-	2,226,811
	23,305,659		-	23,305,659
	474,017		531	474,548
	(719,144)		719,144	-
	56,445		-	56,445
	64,516,951		719,675	65,236,626
	7,676,244		879,221	8,555,465
	16,469,550		43,331	16,512,881
\$	24,145,794	\$	922,552	\$ 25,068,346

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

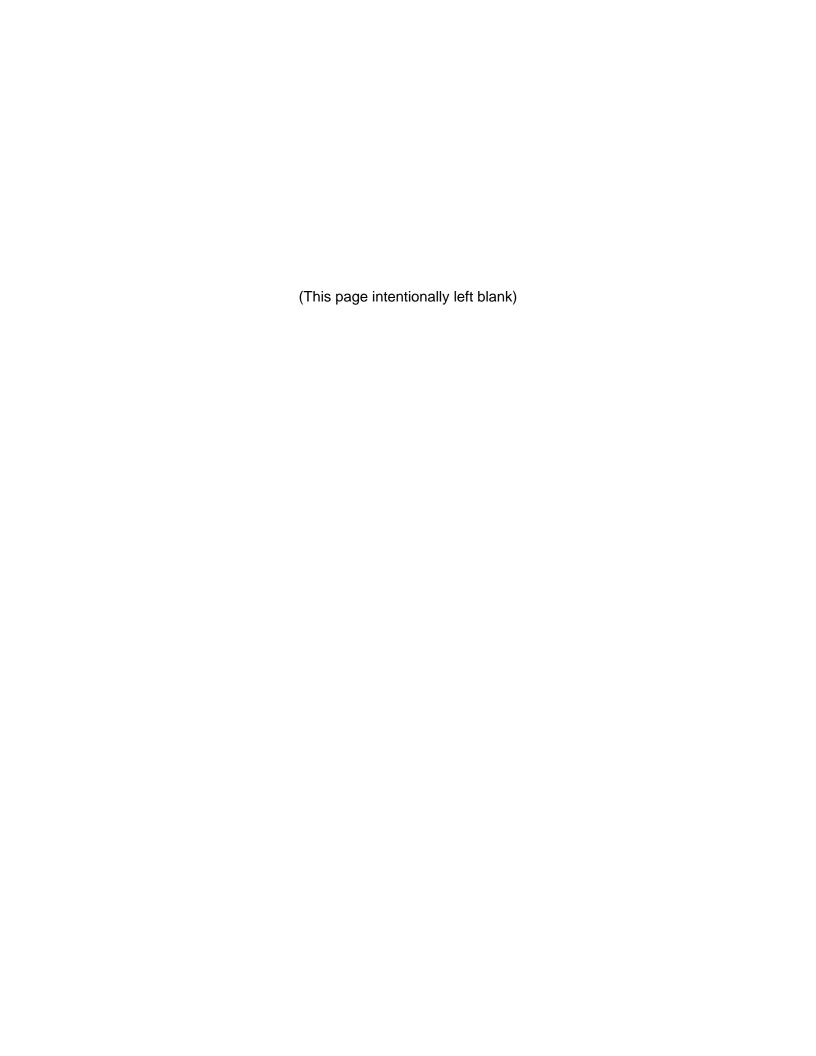
ASSETS		General	Special Revenue- Management			Debt Service	
Cash and Pooled Investments Receivables:	\$	8,657,898	\$	1,702,744	\$	229,216	
Property Tax: Delinquent Succeeding Year Accounts Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governments Inventories Prepaid Items		102,308 22,924,692 7,693 250,000 2,026,894 2,225 4,744		4,761 1,656,764 36,083 - - -		21,685 7,191,298 - - - - -	
Total Assets	\$	33,976,454	\$	3,400,352	\$	7,442,199	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES	•	404.000	•		•		
Accounts Payable Accrued Expenses	\$	134,380 9,537	\$	-	\$	-	
Retainage Payable Salaries and Benefits Payable Due to Other Governments		- 224,528 640,870		302,837 -		- - -	
Total Liabilities		1,009,315		302,837		-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Succeeding Year Property Tax		22,924,692		1,656,764		7,191,298	
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted for:		6,969		-		-	
Categorical Funding and Other Reserves Debt Service		569,335		-		- 250,901	
Management Levy Purposes Student Activities		-		1,440,751		-	
School Infrastructure Physical Plant and Equipment		-		-		-	
Assigned		107,230		-		-	
Unassigned Total Fund Balances		9,358,913 10,042,447		1,440,751		250,901	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	33,976,454	\$	3,400,352	\$	7,442,199	

EXHIBIT C

SAVE	High School/ Elementary Remodel	Nonmajor	Total		
\$ 10,116,381	\$ 9,871,431	\$ 1,823,589	\$ 32,401,259		
- - - 420,206 -	- - - -	8,370 2,089,255 801 - - - 5,224	137,124 33,862,009 44,577 250,000 2,447,100 2,225 9,968		
\$ 10,536,587	\$ 9,871,431	\$ 3,927,239	\$ 69,154,262		
\$ 388,125	\$ 1,903,782	\$ 30,990	\$ 2,457,277 9,537		
- 166,449	832,638	-	999,087		
-	-	585	527,950		
554,574	2,736,420	<u>18,360</u> 49,935	659,230 4,653,081		
-	-	2,089,255	33,862,009		
-	-	5,224	12,193		
- - -	- - -	- - - 650 221	569,335 250,901 1,440,751 650,231		
9,982,013	7,135,011	650,231 -	17,117,024		
-	-	1,132,594	1,132,594		
-	-	-	107,230 9,358,913		
9,982,013	7,135,011	1,788,049	30,639,172		
\$ 10,536,587	\$ 9,871,431	\$ 3,927,239	\$ 69,154,262		

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	EXHIBIT D
Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (page 28)	\$ 30,639,172
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.	135,652,962
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.	(455,422)
Pension and OPEB related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds as follows: Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources	11,195,608 (2,211,843)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, compensated absences, other postemployment benefits payable, and net pension liability are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds as follows:	,
Long-Term Debt Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	(103,856,621) (179,155) (33,025,335) (13,854,879)
The Internal Service Funds are utilized to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other department or agencies of a government on a cost reimbursement basis. The net position of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities.	241,307
Net Position of Governmental Activities (page 19)	\$ 24,145,794



COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		General	Special Revenue- Management		Debt Service	
REVENUES						
Local Sources:	•	05 075 574	•	4 405 005	•	5 5 4 7 0 4 0
Local Tax	\$	25,875,574	\$	1,195,825	\$	5,547,343
Tuition		5,292,085		<u>-</u>		
Other		728,092		30,579		5,737
State Sources		32,038,643		51,147		228,554
Federal Sources		1,784,804		-		-
Total Revenues		65,719,198		1,277,551		5,781,634
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction:		00 040 050		400.077		
Regular Instruction		26,240,259		433,077		-
Special Instruction		9,009,517		36,047		-
Other Instruction		5,232,092		3,853		-
Total Instruction		40,481,868		472,977		-
Support Services:						
Student Services		2,201,214		-		-
Instructional Staff Services		3,267,327		-		-
Administrative Services		6,001,914		362,354		-
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services		5,028,118		329,413		-
Transportation Services		2,396,955		163,060		
Total Support Services	·	18,895,528		854,827	<u> </u>	-
NonInstructional Programs		-		-		-
Other Expenditures:						
Facilities Acquisition		-		-		-
Long-Term Debt:						
Principal		-		-		5,455,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		-		2,710,499
AEA Flowthrough		2,347,624				<u>-</u>
Total Other Expenditures		2,347,624		-		8,165,499
Total Expenditures		61,725,020		1,327,804		8,165,499
EVOCAS (DECISIONAL) OF DEVENUES OVER						
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		3,994,178		(50,253)		(2,383,865)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
General Obligation Bonds Issued		-		-		-
Revenue Bond Issued		-		-		-
Premiums on Bonds Issued		-		-		_
Transfers In		_		_		2,055,737
Transfers Out		_		_		_,000,.0.
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						2,055,737
3 (,						, -, -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		3,994,178		(50,253)		(328,128)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		6,048,269		1,491,004		579,029
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	10,042,447	\$	1,440,751	\$	250,901

EXHIBIT E

 SAVE	Elei	n School/ mentary emodel	 Nonmajor	Total
\$ - 120,418 5,289,828	\$	- - 231,756 -	\$ 2,138,698 - 935,198 88,113	\$ 34,757,440 5,292,085 2,051,780 37,696,285
5,410,246		231,756	17,969 3,179,978	1,802,773 81,600,363
475,939		-	18,342	27,167,617 9,045,564
475,939		<u> </u>	876,530 894,872	6,112,475 42,325,656
35,850 -		- - -	474,690	2,201,214 3,777,867 6,364,268
35,850		- - -	 344,240 484,623 1,303,553	 5,701,771 3,044,638 21,089,758
-		-	-	-
7,325,731		14,294,096	1,028,695	22,648,522
- 45,949 -		- 65,881 -	- - -	5,455,000 2,822,329 2,347,624
7,371,680 7,883,469	•	14,359,977 14,359,977	1,028,695 3,227,120	33,273,475 96,688,889
(2,473,223)	(14,128,221)	(47,142)	(15,088,526)
7,069,000 - -		9,505,000 - 1,397,026	- - -	9,505,000 7,069,000 1,397,026 2,055,737
 (2,055,737)		-	 	 (2,055,737)
5,013,263		(2,002,026	 - (47.440)	 17,971,026
2,540,040		(3,226,195)	(47,142)	2,882,500
 7,441,973	-	10,361,206	 1,835,191	 27,756,672
\$ 9,982,013	\$	7,135,011	\$ 1,788,049	\$ 30,639,172

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		EXHIBIT F
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (page 28)		\$ 2,882,500
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, these costs are reported in the Statement of Net Position and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as a depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. The amounts of capital outlays and depreciation expense in the year are as follows: Capital Outlays Transfer to enterprise fund Depreciation Expense	\$ 22,793,310 (719,144) (3,072,145)	19,002,021
Proceeds from issuing long-term liabilities provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Current year issuances exceeded repayments as follows: Issued Repaid or Refunded Change in Bond Premium	(16,574,000) 5,455,000 (1,173,541)	(12,292,541)
Interest on long term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds when due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		(240,585)
Pension expenditures on the governmental funds are measured by current year employee contributions. Pension expenses on the Statement of Activities are measured by the change in net pension liability and the related deferred inflows and deferred outflows.		(1,113,232)
OPEB expenditures in governmental funds are measured by the amount of financial resources used (amounts actually paid). OPEB expenses on the Statement of Activities are measured by the change in the OPEB liability and the related deferred inflows and deferred outflows.		(570,581)
Long-term liabilities that pertain to governmental funds are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as fund liabilities. Changes in liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the Statement of Net Position as follows: Compensated Absences		18,955
The Internal Service Funds are utilized to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other department or agencies of a government on a cost reimbursement basis. The change in net position of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities.		(10,293)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (page 24)

7,676,244

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

EXHIBIT G

ASSETS	Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,589,819	\$ 163,128	
Accounts Receivable	14,731	4	
Inventories	22,403	22,875	
Prepaids	2,300	-	
Due from Other Governments	29,291	-	
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	1,125,671	59,535	
Total Assets	2,784,215	245,542	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	510,481	-	
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	19,796	4,235	
Accrued Expenses	103,444	-	
Salaries and Benefits Payable	69,341	-	
Compensated Absences	16,055	-	
Due to Other Governments	33	-	
Due to Other Funds	250,000	4.005	
Total Current Liabilities	458,669	4,235	
Long-Term Liabilities:			
Net Pension Liability	1,793,366		
Total Liabilities	2,252,035	4,235	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	120,109		
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,125,671	59,535	
Unrestricted	(203,119)	181,772	
Total Net Position	\$ 922,552	\$ 241,307	

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

EXHIBIT H

OPERATING REVENUES			
Local Sources:	Φ 0000000	Φ 407.000	
Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$ 3,903,086	\$ 167,898	
Sale of Student Built House	660 315,150	-	
State Sources	74,483	-	
Total Operating Revenues	4,293,379	167,898	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Support Services:			
Administrative Services	1,565	-	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services	27,500		
Total Support Services	29,065	-	
Noninstructional Programs:			
Salaries	2,342,898	_	
Benefits	831,903	_	
Purchased Supplies	10,808	_	
Supplies	2,036,189	165,863	
Depreciation	123,136	12,328	
Total Noninstructional Programs	5,344,934	178,191	
Total Operating Expenses	5,373,999	178,191	
OPERATING LOSS	(1,080,620)	(10,293)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
State Sources	18,706	-	
Federal Sources	1,221,460	-	
Interest Income	531	-	
Capital Contributions	719,144	-	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	1,959,841		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	879,221	(10,293)	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	43,331	251,600	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 922,552	\$ 241,307	

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

EXHIBIT I

	Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	4.500.040	Φ.
Cash Received from Sale of Lunches and Breakfasts	\$ 1,589,013	\$ -
Cash Received from Daycare Activities	2,244,867	167.000
Cash Received from Printing Cash Received from Concession Sales	420.245	167,908
	139,215	-
Cash Received from Student-Built Houses	310,530	-
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(3,066,853)	- (4.4.4.04.0)
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods or Services	(2,085,019)	(144,313)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(868,247)	23,595
CASH FLOWS FROM FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES State Grants Received	18,706	-
Federal Grants Received	1,221,460	-
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	1,240,166	-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(7,582)	(29,250)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
Financing Activities	(7,582)	(29,250)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest on Investments	531	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	364,868	(5,655)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	1,224,951	168,783
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,589,819	\$ 163,128

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

EXHIBIT I

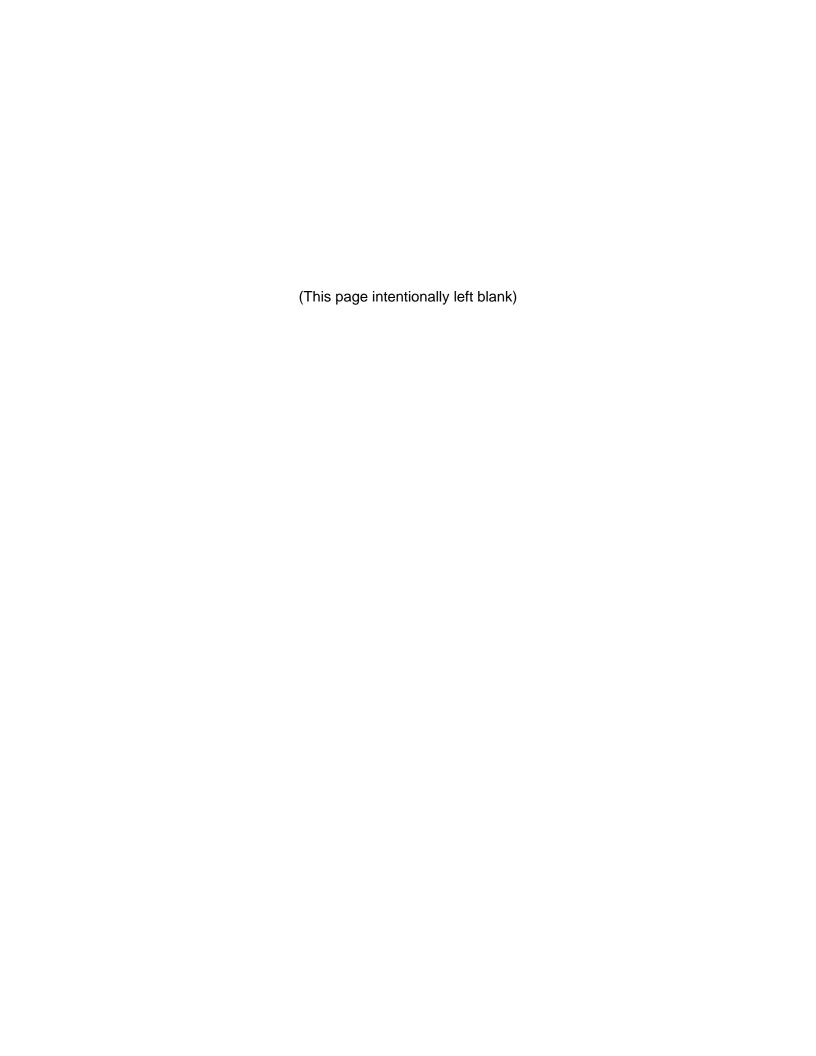
	Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Operating Loss	\$ (1,080,620)	\$	(10,293)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash			
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation	123,136		12,328
Decrease in Inventories	(1,476)		21,107
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable	(9,754)		10
Increase in Prepaid Expenses	5,252		-
Increase in Deferred Outflows - Pension Related	79,405		-
Increase in Accounts Payable	6,666		443
Increase in Salaries and Benefits Payable	1,014		-
Increase in Compensated Absences	3,688		-
Increase in Net Pension Liability	(34,991)		-
Increase in Deferred Inflows-Pension Related	58,832		-
Increase in Due to Other Funds	(2,335)		-
Decrease in Due from Other Funds	(20,259)		-
Increase in Accrued Expenses	3,195		_
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (868,247)	\$	23,595

NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District received \$197,478 of federal commodities.

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

		EXHIBIT J
	ASSETS	Agency
Cash		\$ 213,114
	LIABILITIES	
Other Payables		\$ 213,114



NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

College Community School District (the District) is a political subdivision of the state of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through 12 and special education. Additionally, the District either operates or sponsors various adult education programs. These courses include remedial education as well as career and technical and recreational courses. The geographic area served includes the southern portion of Cedar Rapids, Iowa and the rural areas of southern Linn, northern Johnson, and eastern Benton counties. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a nonpartisan basis.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, College Community School District has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District. College Community School District has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

Basis of Presentation

District-wide financial statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation did not result in any restricted net position.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other nonmajor governmental funds. Combining schedules are also included for the Capital Projects Fund accounts.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other revenues that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, including instructional, support and other costs are paid from the fund.

<u>Special Revenue Management Fund</u> – The Management Fund is used to account for the payment of District insurance costs and early separation benefits.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for property tax and other revenues to be used for the payment of interest and principal on the District's general long-term debt.

<u>SAVE Capital Projects Fund</u> – This Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>High School/Elementary Remodel</u> – This Capital Projects Fund is to account for the resources used in the acquisition and construction of the remodel projects in the District.

The Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the District as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governments. The Agency Fund is custodial in nature, assets equal liabilities, and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The district-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants, and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is generally to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to less-restrictive classifications – committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The District maintains its financial records on the modified accrual basis.

Use of Estimates in Preparing Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make a number of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance/Net Position</u>

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Pooled Investments – The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested. Investments are stated at fair value except for the investment in the Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust which is valued at amortized cost and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at amortized cost.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, they have a maturity date no longer than three months.

Property Tax Receivable – Property taxes in governmental fund types are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2017 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April 2018.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

Due from Other Governments – Due from other governments represents amounts due from the state of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants, and reimbursements from other governments.

Inventories – Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

Prepaid Items – Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepayments. Prepaid items are reported using the consumption method and recorded as an expense or expenditure at the time of consumption.

Capital Assets – Capital assets, which include property, furniture and equipment, and intangibles acquired after July 1, 1980 are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the district-wide statement of net position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value. Acquisition value is the price that would have been paid to acquire a capital asset with equivalent service potential. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Reportable capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class		Amount	
Buildings	\$	10,000	
Site Improvements		10,000	
Equipment/Vehicles (other than computers)		5,000	
Computers		5,000	

Property, furniture, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated Useful Lives
Asset Class	(In Years)
Buildings	50
Site Improvements	20
Equipment/Vehicles (other than computers)	5
Computers	3

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)</u>

Deferred Outflows of Resources – Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future year(s) which will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and OPEB expense, the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and contributions from the District after the measurement date but before the end of the District's reporting period.

Salaries and Benefits Payable – Payroll and related expenditures for teachers with annual contracts corresponding to the current school year, which are payable in July and August, have been accrued as liabilities.

Advances from Grantors – Grant proceeds which have been received by the District but will be spent in a succeeding fiscal year.

Compensated Absences – District employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death, or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the district-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2019. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the Management Fund.

Long-Term Liabilities – In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column in the Statement of Net Position.

Pensions – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS) and additions to/deductions from IPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions, are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Total OPEB Liability – For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information has been determined based on the District's actuary report. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)</u>

Deferred Inflows of Resources – Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position applicable to a future year(s) which will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources consist of property tax receivable and other receivables not collected within 60 days after year-end.

Deferred inflows of resources in the statement of net position consist of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized until the year for which it is levied and the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

Fund Balance – In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts which cannot be spent because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, or state or federal laws or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – Amounts which can be used only for specific purposes determined pursuant to constraints formally imposed by the Board of Education through resolution approved prior to year-end. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed to commit those amounts.

<u>Assigned</u> – Amounts the District intends to use for specific purposes. The Board of Education has delegated authority to assign fund balance to the Superintendent and Director of Business Services.

Unassigned – All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

Budgeting and Budgetary Control

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as required supplementary information. During the year ended June 30, 2019, no expenditures exceeded the amounts budgeted.

NOTE 2 CASH AND POOLED INVESTMENTS

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2019 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to ensure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The District follows an accounting standard that defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value, and requires expanded disclosures about fair value measurements. In accordance with this standard, the District has categorized its investments, based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique, into a three-level fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). If the inputs used to measure the financial instruments fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities recorded on the combined statements of financial position are categorized based on the inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued using inputs that are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets accessible at the measurement date of identical financial assets and liabilities.

Level 2 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued based on quoted prices for similar assets, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term through corroboration with observable market data.

Level 3 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued using pricing inputs which are unobservable for the asset, inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants and would use in pricing the asset.

The District investments in the Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust (ISJIT) Pool, which is an external investment pool not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The District's investment in ISJIT totaled \$23,529,509 at June 30, 2019. ISJIT is an external investment pool that is managed to maintain a dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity of no greater than 397 days and seeks to maintain a constant net asset value (NAV) per share of \$1.00. The investment in the Iowa Schools Joint Investment Trust was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Financial Services Company.

NOTE 2 CASH AND POOLED INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial credit risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's policy over custodial credit risk is to comply with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. At June 30, 2019, all investments and collateral were listed in the name of the District.

Credit risk. Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The District's policy over credit risk is to comply with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization, which was Aaa.

Concentration of credit risk. The District does not have a formal policy limiting the amount of the total portfolio that may be invested with any one depository. All of the District's investments were with the ISJIT.

NOTE 3 DUE FROM AND DUE TO OTHER FUNDS

The detail of interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	<u>Payable Fund</u>	 Amount
General	Nonmajor Fund - Student Built House	\$ 250,000
Total		\$ 250,000

The interfund receivable to the General Fund is for expenses related to a house that was built by the students. The house was approved for sale at the end of the year. The interfund payables from the General Fund and Student Built House Fund are related to the movement of cash to cover negative cash balances within these two funds.

NOTE 4 INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

Transfer to	<u>Transfer From</u>	Amount
Debt Service	SAVE	\$ 2,055,737
Total		\$ 2,055,737

Transfers generally move revenues from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to expend the resources.

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year	Ingragas	Decreases	Transfers	Balance End of Year
Governmental Activities:	or rear	Increases	Decreases	Transiers	or rear
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated:	A A A B B B B B B B B B B	•		•	
Land	\$ 3,972,734	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,972,734
Construction in Progress	28,510,082	22,316,696	18,720,351		32,106,427
Total Capital Assets not					
Being Depreciated	32,482,816	22,316,696	18,720,351	-	36,079,161
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:					
Buildings	109,659,096	18,720,351	-	(719,144)	127,660,303
Improvements Other than Buildings	15,276,336	-	-	-	15,276,336
Furniture and Equipment	7,666,079	505,861	152,481	-	8,019,459
Total Capital Assets Being					
Depreciated	132,601,511	19,226,212	152,481	(719,144)	150,956,098
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				,	
Buildings	36,276,511	2,597,405	-	-	38,873,916
Improvements Other than Buildings	6,305,337	-	-	-	6,305,337
Furniture and Equipment	5,808,924	487,068	152,483	-	6,143,509
Total Accumulated Depreciation	48,390,772	3,084,473	152,483	_	51,322,762
Governmental Activities Capital					
Assets, Net	\$ 116,693,555	\$ 38,458,435	\$ 18,720,349	\$ (719,144)	\$ 135,712,497
Business-Type Activities:					
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 2,134,099	\$ 7,582	\$ 246,990	\$ 719,144	\$ 2,613,835
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	1,612,018	123,136	246,990	-	1,488,164
Business-Type Activities Capital					
Assets, Net	\$ 522,081	\$ (115,554)	\$ -	\$ 719,144	\$ 1,125,671

The District purchased kitchen equipment with governmental funds, and transferred the equipment to the School Nutrition fund when it was placed into service.

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental functions of the District as follows:

Governmental A	Activities:
----------------	-------------

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 32,104
Special	102
Other	17,459
Support Services:	
Instructional Staff	451
Administration	16,843
Operations and Maintenance	1,346
Transportation	 418,648
	486,953
Unallocated Depreciation	 2,597,520
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 3,084,473
Business-Type Activities:	
Daycare	\$ 7,626
Nutrition Services	 115,510
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 123,136

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019 are summarized as follows:

	E	Balance						Balance		Due Within
	E	Beginning	Additions		Reductions		End of Year		One Year	
Early Retirement	\$	133,854	\$	302,837	\$	133,854	\$	302,837	\$	302,837
General Obligation and SAVE Bonds	9	90,255,000		16,574,000		5,455,000		101,374,000		5,591,000
Bonds Premiums Payable		1,309,080		1,397,026		223,485		2,482,621		235,028
Compensated Absences		210,477		214,381		229,648		195,210		195,210
Total	\$ 9	91,908,411	\$	18,488,244	\$	6,041,987	\$	104,354,668	\$	6,324,075

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Early Retirement

The District offers a voluntary early retirement plan to its certified employees. Eligible employees must be at least age 55 and employees must have completed ten years of continuous service to the District. Employees must complete an application which is required to be approved by the Board of Education. Early retirement incentives are available for all employees except bus drivers and are based on classification of employee. At June 30, 2019, the District has obligations to nine participants with a total liability of \$302,837. Actual early retirement expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019 totaled \$133,854. The cost of early retirement payments expected to be liquidated currently is recorded as a liability of the Special Revenue, Management Fund.

General Obligation and SAVE Bonds

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Details of the District's June 30, 2019 general obligation bonded indebtedness are as follows:

Dan d Januar of 0040

	E	Bond Issue of 2012	2 C		E	3ond	Issue of 201	3	
Year Ending	Interest				Interest				
June 30,	Rates	Principal	lı	nterest	Rates		Principal		Interest
2020	2.00%	\$ 195,000	\$	107,875	1.30%	\$	800,000	\$	89,505
2021	2.00	200,000		103,975	1.30		600,000		79,105
2022	2.00	200,000		99,975	1.45		550,000		70,405
2023	2.00	210,000		95,975	1.65		560,000		61,330
2024	2.00	-		91,775	1.75		570,000		51,530
2025-2029	0.00-2.38	1,385,000		412,901	1.90-2.25		1,965,000		91,800
2030-2032	2.50-2.88	2,140,000		149,289	2.15-2.25		-		-
Total		\$ 4,330,000	\$ ^	1,061,765		\$	5,045,000	\$	443,675
		Bond Issue of 20°	14		E	Bond	Issue of 201	5	
Year Ending	Interest	Bond Issue of 20°	14		E Interest	Bond	Issue of 201	5	
Year Ending June 30,		Bond Issue of 20° Principal		nterest			Issue of 201 Principal		Interest
•	Interest			nterest 695,581	Interest				Interest 12,500
June 30,	Interest Rates	Principal			Interest Rates		Principal		
June 30, 2020	Interest Rates 3.00%	Principal \$ 575,000		695,581	Interest Rates 2.00%		Principal		
June 30, 2020 2021	Interest Rates 3.00% 3.00	Principal \$ 575,000 705,000		695,581 678,331	Interest Rates 2.00%		Principal		
June 30, 2020 2021 2022	Interest Rates 3.00% 3.00 3.00	Principal \$ 575,000 705,000 3,860,000		695,581 678,331 657,181	Interest Rates 2.00%		Principal		
June 30, 2020 2021 2022 2023	Interest Rates 3.00% 3.00 3.00 3.00	Principal \$ 575,000 705,000 3,860,000 3,990,000		695,581 678,331 657,181 541,381	Interest Rates 2.00%		Principal		

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

	E	Bond Issue of 201	6A		Bo	ond	Issue of 2016	BB	
Year Ending	Interest				Interest				
June 30,	Rates	Principal		Interest	Rates		Principal		Interest
2020	2.25%	\$ -	\$	200,038	2.00%	\$	340,000	\$	133,300
2021	2.25	-		200,038	2.00		340,000		126,500
2022	2.25	-		200,037	2.00		340,000		119,700
2023	2.25	-		200,037	2.00		255,000		112,900
2024	2.25	-		200,037	2.00		250,000		107,800
2025-2029	2.25	1,540,000		985,336	2.00		5,140,000		291,500
2030-2034	2.25-2.50	2,710,000		684,276			-		-
2035-2036	2.50	4,050,000		103,500			-		-
Total		\$ 8,300,000	\$	2,773,299		\$	6,665,000	\$	891,700
		Bond Issue of 201	17			ond	Issue of 2018	3A	
Year Ending	Interest				Interest				
June 30,	Rates	Principal		Interest	Rates		Principal		Interest
2020	3.00%	\$ -	\$	699,906	3.25%	\$	350,000	\$	327,025
2021	3.00	-		699,906	3.25		-		315,650
2022	3.00	-		699,906	3.25		-		315,650
2023	3.00	-		699,906	3.25		-		315,650
2024	3.00	-		699,906	3.25		100,000		315,650
2025-2029	3.00	2,000,000		3,469,532	3.25		1,230,000		1,507,724
2030-2034	3.00-3.25	8,705,000		2,798,720	3.25-3.30		1,750,000		1,248,200
2035-2037	3.75-4.00	9,000,000		720,000	3.30-3.50		6,190,000		762,150

_	1	Bond Issue of 2018	3B				Bond Iss	sue of 201	9	
Year Ending	Interest				Year Ending	Interest				
June 30,	Rates	Principal		Interest	June 30,	Rates	Prir	ncipal		Interest
2020	3.00%	\$ 1,715,000	\$	144,400	2020	0.00%	\$	-	\$	670,631
2021	3.25	2,860,000		92,950	2021	0.00		-		475,250
2022		-		-	2022	0.00		-		475,250
2023		-		-	2023	0.00		-		475,250
2024		-		-	2024	5.00		-		475,250
2025-2029		-		-	2025-2029	5.00	2,	570,000		2,314,250
2030-2034		-		-	2030-2034	5.00	4,	775,000		1,099,250
2035-2038		-		-	2035-2038	5.00	2,	160,000		343,250
Total		\$ 4,575,000	\$	237,350	Total		\$ 9,	505,000	\$	6,328,381

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

General Obligation and SAVE Bonds Total

Principal			Interest		
\$ 4,600,000	•	\$ 3,080,76			
4,705,000			2,771,705		
4,950,000		2,638,10			
5,015,000			2,502,429		
5,040,000			2,363,629		
24,515,000			9,509,831		
21,385,000			5,979,735		
20,095,000			1,928,900		
\$ 90,305,000		\$	30,775,094		

Revenue Bond of 2017 Revenue Bond of 2019 Year Ending Interest Year Ending Interest June 30, Rates Principal Interest June 30, Rates Principal Interest 2020 2.41% 500,000 \$ 96,400 2020 2.41% 491,000 195,281 516,000 2021 2.41 500,000 84,350 2021 2.41 167,739 2022 2.41 500,000 72,300 2022 2.41 541,000 154,581 2023 2.41 500,000 60,250 2023 2.41 567,000 140,786 2024 2.41 500,000 48,200 2024 594,000 126,327 2.41 1,500,000 72,300 4,360,000 377,580 2025-2028 2.41 2025-2029 2.41 Total \$ 4,000,000 433,800 Total \$ 7,069,000 \$ 1,162,294

Revenue Bonds Total

Principal	Interest
\$ 991,000	\$ 291,681
1,016,000	252,089
1,041,000	226,881
1,067,000	201,036
1,094,000	174,527
5,860,000	449,880
\$ 11,069,000	\$ 1,596,094

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

General Obligation and SAVE Bonds (Continued)

On August 15, 2012, the District issued \$6,000,000 of General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2012C. The proceeds of the issue were used for the new elementary school.

On April 23, 2013, the District issued \$9,000,000 of General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2013. The proceeds of the issue were used for the new elementary school.

On July 23, 2014, the District issued \$25,010,000 in General Obligation School Refunding Bonds, Series 2014. The proceeds were used to current refund the outstanding maturities of the District's General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2006.

On May 14, 2015, the District issued \$5,985,000 in General Obligation School Refunding Bonds, Series 2015. The proceeds were used to refund the outstanding maturities of the District's General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2009A and 2009B.

On November 1, 2016, the District issued \$10,000,000 in General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2016A. The proceeds of the issue were used for remodel projects on the High School and Elementary Schools.

On November 30, 2016, the District issued \$7,815,000 in General Obligation School Refunding Bonds, Series 2016B. The proceeds were to refund the outstanding maturities of the District's General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2007.

On June 1, 2017, the District issued \$20,000,000 in General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2017. The proceeds of the issue were used for remodel projects on the High School and Elementary Schools.

On December 19, 2017, the District issued \$5,000,000 in School Infrastructure Sales, Services and Use Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2017. The proceeds of the issue were used for school infrastructure projects, including the construction of an early childhood center.

On May 7, 2018, the District issued \$9,995,000 of General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2018A. The proceeds of the issue were used for remodel projects on the High School and Elementary Schools.

On May 7, 2018, the District issued \$6,200,000 of General Obligation School Refunding Bonds, Series 2018B. The proceeds of the issue were used to refund, in advance of maturity, \$6,280,000 of outstanding maturities of the District's General Obligation School Refunding Bonds, Series 2008. The refunding resulted in a cash flow savings of \$148,890, having a present value of \$141,555, over the life of the bonds.

On January 3, 2019, the District issued \$9,505,000 of General Obligation School Bonds, Series 2019. The proceeds of the issue were used for remodel projects on the High School and Elementary Schools.

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

General Obligation and SAVE Bonds (Continued)

On May 1, 2019, the District issued \$7,069,000 of School Infrastructure Sales, Services and Use Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2019. The proceeds were used for completion of school infrastructure projects.

NOTE 7 PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the District, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the District are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at PO Box 9117, Des Moines, IA 60306-9117 or at www.ipers.com.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

Pension Benefits

A regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, any time after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment, or when the member's years of service plus the members age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier based on years of service.
- The member's highest five-year average salary, except members with service before June 30, 2012 will use the highest three-year average salary as of that date if it is greater than the highest five-year salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month that the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned starting July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month that the member receives benefits before age 65.

NOTE 7 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Benefits (Continued)

Generally once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

Disability and Death Benefits

A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

Contributions

Contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation, which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. Statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to one percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and the methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2019, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 6.29% of covered payroll and the District contributed 9.44% of covered payroll for a total rate of 15.73%.

The District's Contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$4,011,219.

Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District's liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability totaled \$34,818,701. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers.

At June 30, 2018, the District's collective proportion was .550384%, compared to .554504% measured as of June 30, 2017.

NOTE 7 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,230,808. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
		Outflows of	Inflows of
	F	Resources	 Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	190,906	\$ 786,959
Changes in Assumptions		4,967,103	-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on			
Pension Plan Investments		-	956,705
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between District			
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		741,875	588,288
District Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		4,011,219	 -
Total	\$	9,911,103	\$ 2,331,952

The \$4,011,219 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	_		Amount		
2020		\$ 2,742,74			
2021			1,270,764		
2022			(355,308)		
2023			(59,700)		
2024	_		(30,565)		
Total	_	\$	3,567,932		

There were no nonemployer contributing entities at IPERS.

NOTE 7 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurements:

Rate of Inflation (effective June 30, 2017)	2.60% per annum
Rates of Salary Increases (effective June 30, 2017)	3.25 to 16.25% average, including inflation. Rates vary by membership group.
Long-Term Investment Rate of Return (effective June 30, 2017)	7.00%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, including inflation.
Wage Growth (effective June 30, 2017)	3.25% per annum based on 2.6% inflation assumption and 0.65% real wage inflation.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an economic assumption study dated March 24, 2017 and a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018.

Mortality rates used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the RP-2014 Employee and Healthy Annuitant Tables with MP-2017 generational adjustments.

The long-term expected rate of return on IPERS' investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	22.0 %	6.01 %
International Equity	15.0	6.48
Global Smart Beta Equity	3.0	6.23
Core Plus Fixed Income	27.0	1.97
Public Credit	3.5	3.93
Public Real Assets	7.0	2.91
Cash	1.0	(0.25)
Private Equity	11.0	10.81
Private Real Assets	7.5	4.14
Private Credit	3.0	3.11
Total	100.0 %	
·		

NOTE 7 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and that contributions from the District will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.0%) or 1% higher (8.0%) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	6.0%	7.0%	8.0%
District's Proportionate Share of			
the Net Pension Liability	\$ 59,094,333	\$ 34,818,701	\$ 14,455,055

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website www.ipers.org.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2019, the District had remitted all contributions to IPERS which had been withheld from employee wages during the year.

NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The District participates in a single-employer defined benefit plan (the Plan) through an lowa Chapter 28E with five other schools, called the Metro Interagency Insurance Program (MIIP), which provides medical and prescription drug benefits for retirees and their spouses. The medical/prescription drug coverage is provided through a fully insured plan with Wellmark. The District pays 100% of the premium of the single coverage plan the retiree is enrolled in at the time of retirement. Retirees pay 100% of the excess of the explicit subsidy. The benefit ends upon the Retirees reaching age 65.

NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

<u>Funding Policy</u> – The District does not have assets designated to pay for OPEB related costs. The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the District. The District currently finances the retiree benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. No assets are accumulated in a trust for payment of benefits.

At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	39
Active employees	627
Total	666

<u>Total OPEB Liability</u> – The District's total liability of \$13,854,879 was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and the entry age normal actuarial cost method, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Rate of Inflation

(effective June 30, 2018) 3.00% per annum

Discount Rate 3.15%, compounded annually, including

(effective June 30, 2019) inflation.

Healthcare cost trend 6.00% initial rate decreasing by 0.5% (effective June 30, 2018) annually to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

Cost claim trend

(effective June 30, 2018) 7.30% per annum

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

<u>Discount Rate</u> – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.15% which reflects the index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA as of the measurement date.

Mortality rates are from the RP2014 Annuity Mortality Table, applied on a gender-specific basis.

NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Changes in the Total Liability

	Total OPEB	
		Liability
Total OPEB Liability Beginning of Year, as Restated	\$	11,831,756
Changes for the Year:		
Service Cost		320,199
Interest on Total Liability		415,319
Differences Between Expected and Actual		
Experiences		347,319
Changes in Assumptions		1,241,040
Benefit Payments		(300,754)
Net Changes		2,023,123
Total OPEB Liability End of Year	\$	13,854,879

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (2.15%) or 1% higher (4.15%) than the current discount rate.

	1%	Discount		1%
	Decrease	Rate		Increase
	(2.15%)	(3.15%)	(4.15%)	
				_
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 16,185,253	\$ 13,854,879	\$	9,540,865

Sensitivity of the District's Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District as what the District's total OPEB liability would be it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower (5.00%) or 1% higher (7.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

		Health	
	1%	Cost Trend	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(5.00%)	(6.00%)	(7.00%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 11,444,700	\$ 13,854,879	\$ 16,877,282

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u> – For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$849,671. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following resources:

	 erred Ouflows Resources
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 640,732
Changes in Assumptions	 1,154,254
Total	\$ 1,794,986

NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount	
2020	\$	135,817
2021		135,817
2022		135,817
2023		135,817
2024		135,817
Thereafter		1,115,901
Total	\$	1,794,986

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

College Community School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The District assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10 AREA EDUCATION

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media, and educational services provided through the Area Education Agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$2,347,624 for the year ended June 30, 2019 and is recorded in the General Fund by making a memorandum adjusting entry to the financial statements.

NOTE 11 TAX ABATEMENTS

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 77 defines tax abatements as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments tor the citizens of those governments.

NOTE 11 TAX ABATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Property tax revenues of the District were reduced by the following amounts for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Entity	Tax Abatement Program	 2018
City of Cedar Rapids	Urban Renewal and Economic Development Projects	\$ 789,131
City of Walford	Other Tax Abatement Program	2,474

The State of Iowa reimburses the District an amount equivalent to the increment of valuation on which property tax is divided times \$5.40 per \$1,000 of taxable valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2019, this reimbursement amounted to \$14,861.

NOTE 12 CATEGORICAL FUNDING

In accordance with Iowa Administrative Code Section 98.1, categorical funding is financial support from the state and federal governments targeted for particular categories of students, special programs, or special purposes. This support is in addition to school district or area education agency genera-purpose revenue, for purposes beyond the basic educational program and most often has restrictions on its use. Any portion of categorical funding provided by the state that is not expended by the end of the fiscal year must be carried forward as a restricted fund balance. The following is a schedule of the categorical funding restricted in the General Fund at June 30, 2019:

<u>Program</u>	 Amount
Teacher Compensation Pay	\$ 125,951
Teacher Leadership	312,335
4-Year Old Preschool Grant	59,484
Early Literacy	 71,565
Total	\$ 569,335

NOTE 13 DEFICIT BALANCES

The Day Care proprietary fund had a deficit balance of \$(198,881) at June 30, 2019. This was caused by the accounting for the net pension liability and other pension related items required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB No. 27.

NOTE 14 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Programs

Amounts received or receivable from federal and state agencies are subject to agency audit and adjustment. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable fund. The amount, if any, of funds which may be disallowed by the agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Other Contingencies

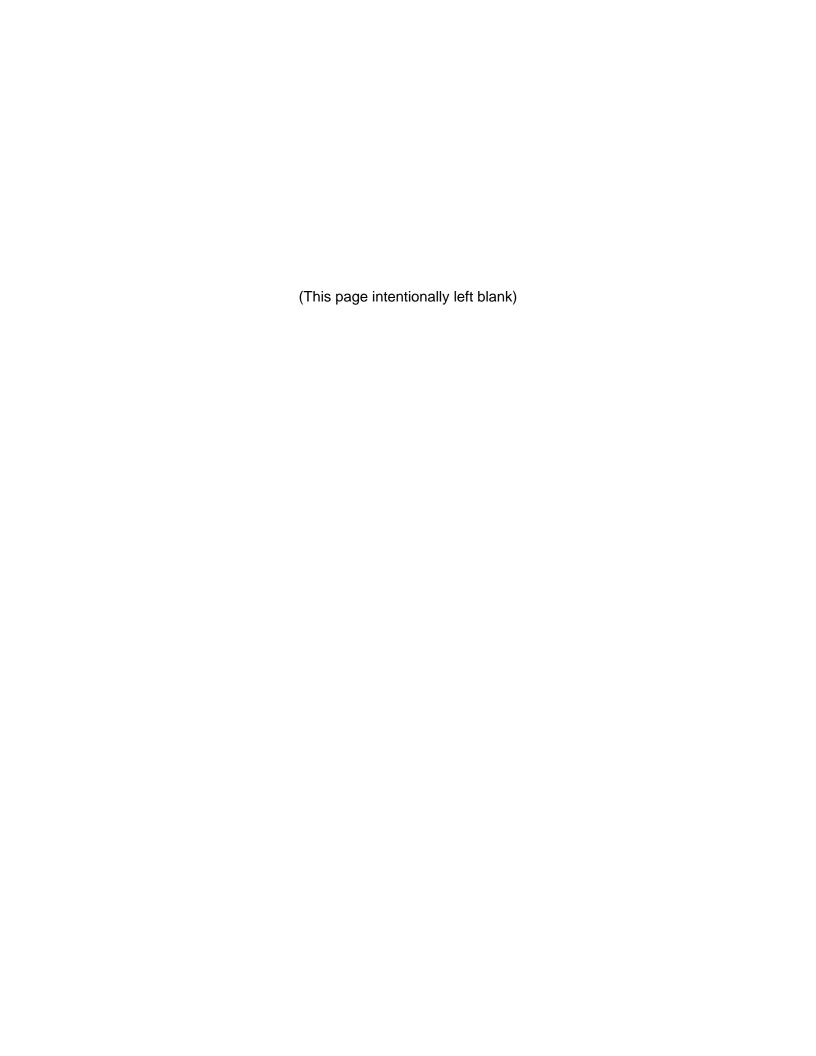
The District is a defendant in a lawsuit. Subsequent to year-end, the lawsuit has been dismissed by the plaintiffs.

NOTE 15 JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The Grant Wood Area Education Agency (GWAEA) was established by an act of the 1974 Legislature of the State of Iowa. The primary objective of the District is to provide, by a cooperative effort, comprehensive educational programs and other related services as can be effectively operated by its fifty-six member districts. Each member district shares in the cost of the programming, which is paid to the education district in the form of membership fees, reimbursements and other charges for services. The education district is able to recover the cost of its programs through the previously mentioned revenue sources. The jointly governed organization's financial statements are audited and available for inspection. Currently, one member of the District's board also serves as an active member of the GWAEA board.

NOTE 16 PROSPECTIVE ACCOUNTING CHANGE

Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement will be implemented for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. The revised requirements of this statement will enhance the consistency and comparability of fiduciary activity reporting by state and local governments by establishing specific criteria for identifying fiduciary activities and clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities.





COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL ALL GOVERNMENT FUNDS AND PROPRIETARY FUNDS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Funds Actual	Proprietary Funds Actual	Total Actual
REVENUES			
Local Sources	\$ 42,101,305	\$ 4,219,427	\$ 46,320,732
State Sources	37,696,285	93,189	37,789,474
Federal Sources	1,802,773	1,221,460	3,024,233
Total Revenues	81,600,363	5,534,076	87,134,439
EXPENDITURES			
Instruction	42,325,656	-	42,325,656
Support Services	21,089,758	29,065	21,118,823
Noninstructional Programs	-	5,344,934	5,344,934
Other Expenditures	33,273,475		33,273,475
Total Expenditures	96,688,889	5,373,999	102,062,888
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(15,088,526)	160,077	(14,928,449)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES, NET	17,971,026		17,971,026
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER			
EXPENDITURES	2,882,500	160,077	3,042,577
Balances - Beginning of Year	27,756,672	43,331	27,800,003
BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 30,639,172	\$ 203,408	\$ 30,842,580

Dudantad	A	Variance
Budgeted		Positive/
Original	Final	(Negative)
\$ 46,640,183	\$ 46,640,183	\$ (319,451)
36,522,261	36,522,261	1,267,213
4,230,315	4,230,315	(1,206,082)
87,392,759	87,392,759	(258,320)
43,088,758	43,290,094	964,438
23,330,278	23,330,278	2,211,455
5,932,314	5,932,314	587,380
38,297,901	39,214,075	5,940,600
110,649,251	111,766,761	9,703,873
(23,256,492)	(24,374,002)	9,445,553
9,695,100	9,695,100	8,275,926
(13,561,392)	(14,678,902)	17,721,479
28,498,452	28,498,452	(698,449)
\$ 14,937,060	\$ 13,819,550	\$ 17,023,030

Final to Actual

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY REPORTING JUNE 30, 2019

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds except the Print Fund and Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on a GAAP basis.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These four functions are instruction, support services, noninstructional programs, and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not by fund. The Code of Iowa also provides District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula. During the year, the District adopted one budget amendment increasing budgeted expenditures by \$6,051,083.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, expenditures did not exceed budgeted amounts.

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System

For the Last Five Measurement Dates* (In Thousands)

		2019		2018	_	2017		2016		2015
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:	0.5	550384 %	0.	554504 %	0.5	566834 %	0.	556838 %	0.5	21487 %
District's Total Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	34,819	\$	36,607	\$	35,349	\$	27,683	\$	21,105
District's Covered Payroll	\$	41,420	\$	41,055	\$	40,333	\$	38,427	\$	34,821
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		84.06%		89.17%		87.64%		72.04%		60.61%
IPERS' Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		83.62%		82.21%		81.82%		85.19%		87.61%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 of the prior year.

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

	2019	2018	 2017	 2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Statutorily Required Contribution	\$ 3,997	\$ 3,699	\$ 3,666	\$ 3,602	\$ 3,432	\$ 3,019	\$ 2,617	\$ 2,152	\$ 2,002	\$ 1,203
Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution	(4,011)	(3,699)	(3,666)	(3,602)	(3,432)	(3,019)	(2,617)	(2,152)	(2,002)	(1,203)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (14)	\$ -	\$ 							
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 42,344	\$ 41,420	\$ 41,055	\$ 40,333	\$ 38,427	\$ 34,821	\$ 32,431	\$ 30,966	\$ 30,098	\$ 18,948
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	9.44%	8.93%	8.93%	8.93%	8.93%	8.67%	8.07%	6.95%	6.65%	6.35%

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION LIABILITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

IOWA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Changes of Benefit Terms

Legislation enacted in 2010 modified benefit terms for current Regular members. The definition of final average salary changed from the highest three to the highest five years of covered wages. The vesting requirement changed from four years of service to seven years. The early retirement reduction increased from 3% per year measured from the member's first unreduced retirement age to a 6% reduction for each year of retirement before age 65.

Changes of Assumptions

The 2018 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a demographic assumption study dated June 28, 2018:

- Changed mortality assumptions to the RP-2014 mortality tables with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2017.
- Adjusted retirement rates.
- Lowered disability rates.
- Adjusted the probability of a vested Regular member electing to receive a deferred benefit.
- Adjusted the merit component of the salary increase assumption.

The 2017 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of an experience study dated March 24, 2017:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.00% to 2.60%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 3.75% to 3.50% per year.
- Decreased the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.00%.
- Decreased the wage growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%.
- Decreased the payroll growth assumption from 4.00% to 3.25%

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Decreased assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00% to 3.75% per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Reduced retirement rates for sheriffs and deputies between the ages of 55 and 64.
- Moved from an open 30-year amortization period to a closed 30-year amortization period for the UAL (unfunded actuarial liability) beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20-year period.

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION LIABILITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The 2010 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Adjusted retiree mortality assumptions.
- Modified retirement rates to reflect fewer retirements.
- Lowered disability rates at most ages.
- Lowered employment termination rates
- Generally increased the probability of terminating members receiving a deferred retirement benefit.
- Modified salary increase assumptions based on various service duration.

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY, RELATED RATIOS, AND NOTES LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	2019	2018
Service Cost	\$ 320,199	\$ 267,096
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	415,319	417,740
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experiences	347,319	367,187
Changes in Assumptions	1,241,040	-
Benefit Payments	(300,754)	(320,089)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	2,023,123	731,934
Total OPEB Liability Beginning of Year	 11,831,756	11,099,822
Total OPEB Liability End of Year	\$ 13,854,879	\$ 11,831,756
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 40,905,540	\$ 39,977,630
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	33.87%	29.60%

Notes to Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Changes in benefit terms:

There were no significant changes in benefit terms.

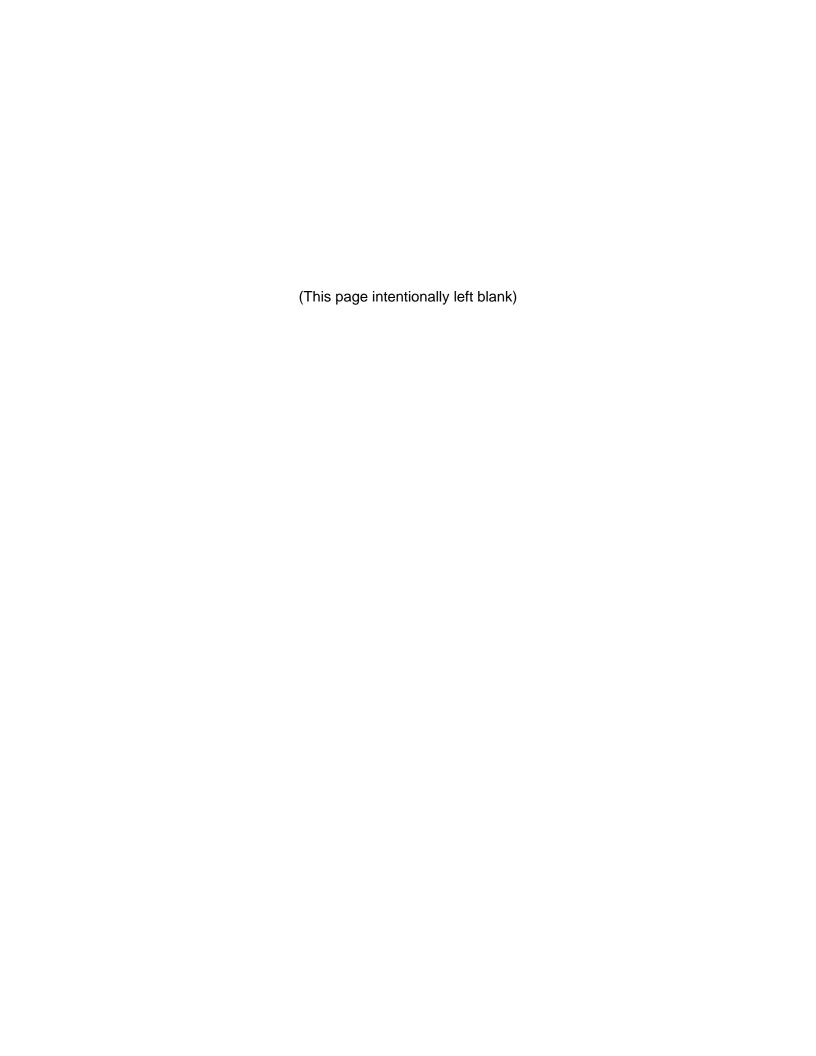
Changes in assumptions:

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period.

Year ended June 30, 2019 3.15% Year ended June 30, 2018 3.72% Year ended June 30, 2017 2.50%

Note 1: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Note 2: No assets are accumulated in a trust.





COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Revenue		Capital Projects Physical Plant			
		Student	and	d Equipment		T. (.)
ASSETS		Activity		Levy		Total
Cash and Pooled Investments Receivables: Property Tax:	\$	661,779	\$	1,161,810	\$	1,823,589
Delinquent		-		8,370		8,370
Succeeding Year		-		2,089,255		2,089,255
Accounts		801		-		801
Prepaid Items		5,224				5,224
Total Assets	\$	667,804	\$	3,259,435	\$	3,927,239
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	11,233	\$	19,757	\$	30,990
Salary and Benefits Payable		585		-		585
Due to Other Governments		531		17,829		18,360
Total Liabilities		12,349		37,586		49,935
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES -						
SUCCEEDING YEAR PROPERTY TAXES		-		2,089,255		2,089,255
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable Restricted for:		5,224		-		5,224
Student Activities		650,231		-		650,231
Physical Plant and Equipment				1,132,594		1,132,594
Total Fund Balances		655,455		1,132,594		1,788,049
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	667,804	\$	3,259,435	<u>\$</u>	3,927,239

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Revenue		Ph	Capital Projects ysical Plant		
	Ç	Student		d Equipment		
		Activity		Levy		Total
REVENUES						
Local Sources:						
Local Tax	\$	-	\$	2,138,698	\$	2,138,698
Other		910,054		25,144		935,198
State Sources		-		88,113		88,113
Federal Sources		-		17,969		17,969
Total Revenues		910,054		2,269,924		3,179,978
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction:						
Regular Instruction		-		18,342		18,342
Other Instruction		876,530		-		876,530
Support Services:						
Instructional Staff Services		-		474,690		474,690
Plant Operation and Maintenance Services		-		344,240		344,240
Transportation Services		15,606		469,017		484,623
Other Expenditures:						
Facilities Acquisition		-		1,028,695		1,028,695
Total Expenditures		892,136		2,334,984		3,227,120
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		17,918		(65,060)		(47,142)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		637,537		1,197,654	•	1,835,191
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	655,455	\$	1,132,594	\$	1,788,049

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN STUDENT ACTIVITY ACCOUNTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Вє	alance - eginning of Year	R	evenues	Exį	penditures		llance - d of Year
Student Activity Account:			<u> </u>					
Athletic:	•	47744	•	400 004	•	100 0 1 1	•	40.704
General	\$	17,744	\$	129,901	\$	136,944	\$	10,701
Student Clubs:								
Advisory		73,008		-		11,213		61,795
Co-Curricular Activities:								
High School		15,881		40,746		40,933		15,694
Prairie Crest		3,565		1,055		2,940		1,680
Prairie Heights		15,973		2,050		8,040		9,983
Prairie Ridge		10,141		13,504		16,087		7,558
Prairie View		5,083		2,021		2,179		4,925
Prairie Edge		1,419		140		112		1,447
Prairie Point		6,625		12,590		19,215		-
Prairie Creek		815		1,875		2,020		670
Prairie Hill		2,954		1,460		4,364		50
Student Council		21,738		10,342		8,485		23,595
Class of:								
2018		4,768		-		4,768		-
2019		6,809		-		-		6,809
2020		-		12,000		9,722		2,278
2021		-		-		-		-
Baseball Club		5,608		21,070		13,988		12,690
Softball Club		4,460		15,537		1,003		18,994
Special Olympics		1,812		4,390		5,338		864
17-18 Yearbook		2,388		3,300		1,753		3,935
18-19 Yearbook		10,672		4,515		7,673		7,514
Spring and Fall Plays		5,612		6,187		2,910		8,889
German Club		2,790		1,097		991		2,896
Student Vending		10,070		19,432		22,746		6,756
Boys Letter Club		7,042		4,654		5,534		6,162
Girls Track Club		4,507		1,155		4,060		1,602
Boys Track Club		2,210		13,813		13,932		2,091
Volleyball Club		6,305		13,786		16,468		3,623
Art Activity		742		200		-		942
McGaffic Activity		104		-		-		104
Fox Activity		23		-		-		23
Instrumental Music		20,129		21,359		18,032		23,456
Cheerleading		4,945		30,687		31,842		3,790
Football Club		278		23,143		23,280		141
Business Prof./America		31,755		37,371		37,794		31,332

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN STUDENT ACTIVITY ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Balance - Beginning			Balance -
	of Year	Revenues	Expenditures	End of Year
Student Clubs (Continued):				
Boys Tennis Club	\$ 217	\$ 1,025	\$ 1,040	\$ 202
Girls Tennis Club	678	2,841	2,812	707
Girls Cross Country Club	2,201	2,806	2,080	2,927
Marshall Activity	1,409	-	-	1,409
Dalton Activity	287	-	-	287
Bowling Club	987	2,405	2,655	737
Kean Activity	302	-	-	302
Boys Soccer Club	32,725	18,057	16,093	34,689
Girls Soccer Club	14,137	15,307	12,641	16,803
Wrestling Club	19,792	18,888	15,334	23,346
Music Trip	124,508	14,181	167	138,522
Prairie Dance Team Club	4,891	62,392	60,652	6,631
Instrumental Activity	4,581	11,383	15,158	806
Hawk Talk - General	1,675	-	-	1,675
Skills USA	100	560	-	660
Electric Car Club	1,995	1,021	1,120	1,896
Washington Trip	5,840	43,924	45,567	4,197
International Club	4	2,671	-	2,675
Girls Basketball Club	51	3,138	1,853	1,336
Boys Basketball Club	585	13,730	11,132	3,183
Vocal Music	52,688	109,921	106,403	56,206
Musical	2,551	719	-	3,270
National Honor Society	148	3,546	1,054	2,640
One and Two Act Plays	2,374	419	370	2,423
Girls Golf Club	341	3,608	3,567	382
Boys Golf Club	994	2,254	3,272	(24)
Trapshooting Club	17,120	20,292	24,725	12,687
Archery Club	8,967	38,849	22,232	25,584
Best Buddies	1,945	2,324	3,183	1,086
Graphics Club	305	-	-	305
Family Career Community Leaders	10,997	4,134	3,549	11,582
Band Uniforms	(5,810)	5,810	-	-
Drama	7,465	3,132	3,507	7,090
Speech	842	2,540	1,889	1,493
Key Club	10,204	11,454	18,531	3,127
State Tournaments	, -	36,898	36,898	-
Science National Honor Society	1,332	445	286	1,491
GSA Club	134	-	-	134
Total Student Clubs	619,793	780,153	755,192	644,754
Total	\$ 637,537	\$ 910,054	\$ 892,136	\$ 655,455

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		School Nutrition	Day Care	Resale
ASSETS	'			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	582,105	\$ 539,348	\$ 155,054
Accounts Receivable		184	-	9,927
Inventories		22,393	-	-
Prepaid Expenses		-	-	2,300
Due from Other Governments Capital Assets, Net of		26,361	2,930	-
Accumulated Depreciation		1,014,990	105,418	5,263
Total Assets		1,646,033	647,696	172,544
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension Related Deferred Outflows		230,226	 277,597	2,658
Total Deferred Outflows				
of Resources		230,226	277,597	2,658
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable		3,942	6,194	5,149
Accrued Expenses		103,444	-	-
Salaries and Benefits Payable		4,913	63,682	746
Compensated Absences Due to Other Governments		2,294	13,761	-
Due to Other Funds		-	-	-
Total Liabilities		114,593	83,637	 5,895
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Net Pension Liability		808,807	975,222	9,337
Total Liabilities		923,400	1,058,859	15,232
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension Related Deferred Inflows		54,168	 65,315	 626
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,014,990	105,418	5,263
Unrestricted		(116,299)	 (304,299)	154,081
Total Net Position	\$	898,691	\$ (198,881)	\$ 159,344

Student uilt House	Total
\$ 313,312	\$ 1,589,819
4,620	14,731
10	22,403
-	2,300
-	29,291
 	1,125,671
317,942	2,784,215
 	 510,481
-	510,481
4,511	19,796
-	103,444
-	69,341
-	16,055
33	33
250,000	 250,000
254,544	458,669
	4 700 000
 254,544	 1,793,366
∠54,544	2,252,035
-	120,109
	3,.33
-	1,125,671
63,398	(203,119)
\$ 63,398	\$ 922,552

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	School Nutrition	Day Care	Resale
OPERATING REVENUES			_
Local Sources:			
Charges for Services	\$ 1,587,298	\$ 2,170,384	\$ 145,404
Miscellaneous	660	-	-
Sale of Student Built House	-		-
State Sources	 -	 74,483	
Total Operating Revenues	1,587,958	2,244,867	145,404
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Support Services:			
Administrative Services	-	1,565	-
Operation and Maintenance of			
Plant Services	 	27,500	
Total Support Services	-	29,065	-
Noninstructional Programs:			
Salaries	995,545	1,338,498	8,855
Benefits	408,940	420,073	2,890
Purchased Supplies	-	7,327	3,481
Supplies	1,226,002	372,875	147,614
Depreciation	115,510	7,626	 _
Total Non-Instructional Programs	 2,745,997	 2,146,399	 162,840
Total Operating Expenses	 2,745,997	 2,175,464	 162,840
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(1,158,039)	69,403	(17,436)
NONOPERATING REVENUES			
Local Sources	-	-	-
State Sources	18,706	-	-
Federal Sources	1,221,460	-	-
Interest Income	237	219	75
Capital Contributions	 719,144	 -	 <u>-</u>
Total Nonoperating Revenues	 1,959,547	 219	 75
NET INCOME (LOSS)	801,508	69,622	(17,361)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 97,183	 (268,503)	 176,705
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 898,691	\$ (198,881)	\$ 159,344

Student Built House	Total
\$ -	\$ 3,903,086 660
315,150	315,150
315,150	74,483 4,293,379
0.0,.00	,,_00,010
-	1,565
	27,500
-	29,065
-	2,342,898
-	831,903 10,808
289,698	2,036,189
	123,136
289,698	5,344,934
289,698	5,373,999
25,452	(1,080,620)
<u>-</u>	_
-	18,706
-	1,221,460
-	531
-	719,144 1,959,841
	1,303,041
25,452	879,221
37,946	43,331
\$ 63,398	\$ 922,552

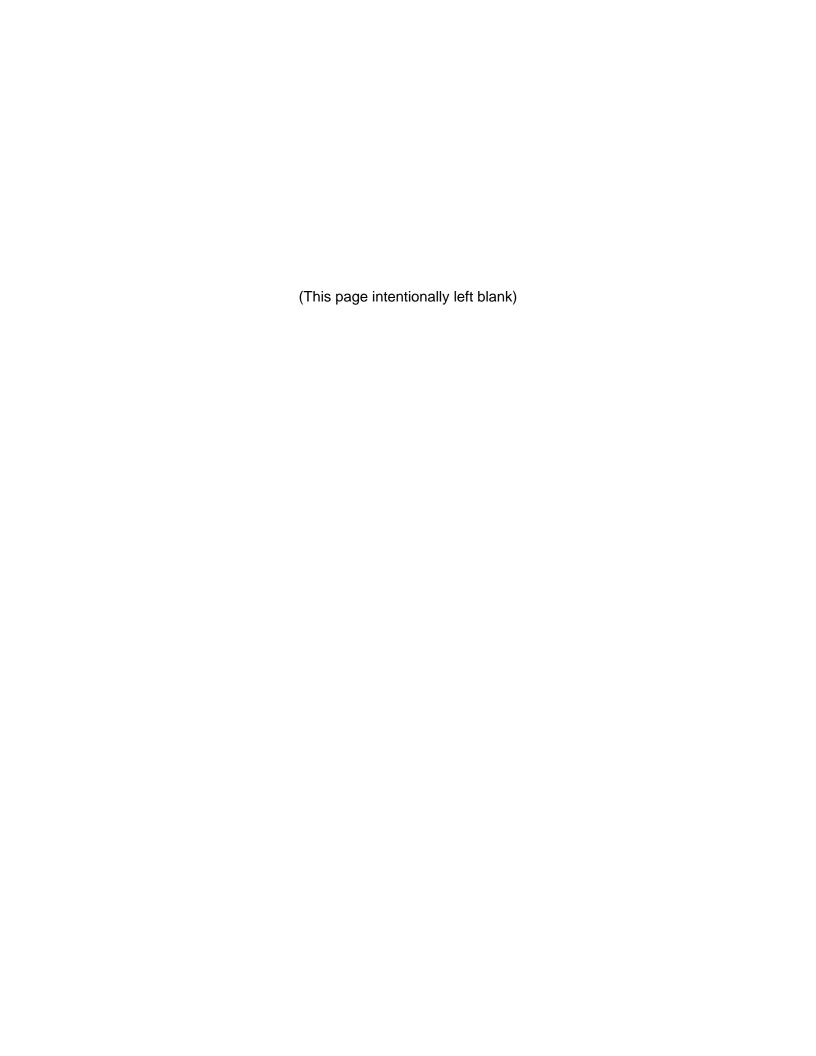
COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		School Nutrition		Day Care		Resale
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Φ.	4 500 040	•		•	
Cash Received from Sale of Lunches and Breakfasts	\$	1,589,013	\$	-	\$	-
Cash Received from Day Care Activities Cash Received from Printing		-		2,244,867		-
Cash Received from Concession Sales		-		-		- 139,215
Cash Received from Student-Built Houses		-		-		139,215
Cash Payments to Employees for Services		(1,375,589)		- (1,679,551)		(11,713)
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods or Services		(1,241,547)		(416,426)		(11,713)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(1,028,123)		148,890		(14,349)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
State Grants Received		18,706		-		-
Federal Grants Received		1,221,460		-		-
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital						
Financing Activities		1,240,166		-		-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisition of Capital Assets		(2,319)		-		(5,263)
Net Cash Used by Capital Financing Activities		(2,319)		-		(5,263)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest on Investments		237		219		75
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		209,961		149,109		(19,537)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		372,144		390,239		174,591
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	582,105	\$	539,348	\$	155,054
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(1,158,039)	\$	69,403	\$	(17,436)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	·	(,,,	•	,	•	(,,
Depreciation		115,510		7,626		_
Increase in Inventories		(1,472)		7,020		_
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable		1,055		_		(6,189)
Decrease in Prepaid Expenses		,		_		5,252
Decrease in Deferred Outflows - Pension Related		44,044		35,361		-,
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Payable		61		(2,355)		4,449
Increase (Decrease) in Salaries and Benefits Payable		242		2,192		(1,420)
Increase in Compensated Absences		230		3,458		-
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		(41,297)		5,204		1,102
Increase in Deferred Inflows - Pension Related		25,677		32,805		350
Decrease in Due to Governments		-		(1,874)		(457)
Decrease in Due from Other Funds		(17,329)		(2,930)		-
Increase in Accrued Expenses		3,195	_		_	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(1,028,123)	\$	148,890	\$	(14,349)

Student		
Built House		Total
\$ -	\$	1,589,013
Ψ -	Ψ	2,244,867
-		-
-		139,215
310,530		310,530
(285,195)		(3,066,853) (2,085,019)
25,335		(868,247)
·		, ,
_		18,706
-		1,221,460
		.,== :, :00
-		1,240,166
		(7,582)
-		(7,582)
		531
25,335		364,868
287,977		1,224,951
\$ 313,312	\$	1,589,819
Φ 05.450	ď	(4.000.000)
\$ 25,452	\$	(1,080,620)
-		123,136
(4)		(1,476)
(4,620)		(9,754) 5,252
-		5,252 79,405
- 4,511		6,666
		1,014
-		3,688
-		(34,991)
-		58,832
(4)		(2,335)
-		(20,259)
	•	3,195
\$ 25,335	\$	(868,247)

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				SCHEDULE 7
ASSETS	Balance - Beginning of Year	Additions		Balance - End of Year
Cash	\$ 254,948	\$ 491,908	\$ 533,742	\$ 213,114
LIABILITIES				
Other Payables	\$ 254,948	\$ 491,908	\$ 533,742	\$ 213,114



COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS

	Modified Accrual Basis					
	2019	2018	2017	2016		
REVENUES						
Local Sources:						
Local Tax	\$ 34,757,440	\$ 30,970,152	\$ 30,304,095	\$ 26,484,747		
Tuition	5,292,085	5,367,190	5,000,288	5,023,465		
Other	2,051,780	6,742,558	6,535,241	6,640,933		
State Sources	37,696,285	29,913,647	27,039,978	25,244,359		
Federal Sources	1,802,773	1,467,224	1,409,905	1,471,403		
Total Revenues	\$ 81,600,363	\$ 74,460,771	\$ 70,289,507	\$ 64,864,907		
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction:						
Regular Instruction	\$ 27,167,617	\$ 24,742,510	\$ 25,991,924	\$ 25,677,198		
Special Instruction	9,045,564	8,879,229	8,268,218	8,705,841		
Other Instruction	6,112,475	6,855,733	5,151,301	5,180,176		
Support Services:						
Student Services	2,201,214	1,832,587	1,926,379	1,781,388		
Instructional Staff Services	3,777,867	5,511,715	5,883,574	3,134,754		
Administration Services	6,364,268	5,245,503	5,461,788	4,841,584		
Operation and Maintenance of						
Plant Services	5,701,771	5,387,066	5,214,216	4,790,768		
Transportation Services	3,044,638	2,941,130	2,882,186	2,583,336		
Noninstructional Programs	-	-	-	-		
Other Expenditures:						
Facilities Acquisition	22,648,522	6,443,233	2,206,460	5,851,028		
Long-Term Debt:						
Principal	5,455,000	5,995,000	4,135,000	6,251,889		
Debt Issuance Costs	-	-	-	-		
Interest and Other Charges	2,822,329	2,319,971	1,813,030	2,272,269		
AEA Flowthrough	2,347,624	2,142,467	2,046,725	1,971,913		
Total Expenditures	\$ 96,688,889	\$ 78,296,144	\$ 70,980,801	\$ 73,042,144		

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$ 25,023,351	\$ 25,023,351	\$ 26,041,452	\$ 24,219,102	\$ 22,093,711	\$ 20,945,968
4,952,310	4,952,310	4,602,834	4,312,674	3,663,733	3,333,102
5,448,161	5,448,161	6,295,538	5,905,077	5,999,103	5,736,360
22,472,151	22,472,151	21,312,839	19,794,883	17,314,281	18,005,005
1,371,591	1,371,591	1,432,493	2,967,785	3,231,491	1,387,306
\$ 59,267,564	\$ 59,267,564	\$ 59,685,156	\$ 57,199,521	\$ 52,302,319	\$ 49,407,741
\$ 21,524,976	\$ 21,524,976	\$ 19,939,924	\$ 18,906,433	\$ 19,208,996	\$ 16,819,529
7,393,347	7,393,347	7,712,339	7,303,228	6,752,971	6,448,388
4,439,053	4,439,053	4,375,324	4,073,595	4,051,048	3,925,508
1,803,044	1,803,044	1,992,616	1,588,468	1,417,533	1,148,780
2,491,934	2,491,934	4,966,561	2,604,179	2,450,988	2,393,970
4,002,873	4,002,873	3,876,552	3,743,217	3,809,772	3,321,006
4,367,545	4,367,545	3,934,601	3,864,337	3,667,250	3,158,914
2,454,845	2,454,845	2,140,375	2,076,206	1,994,335	1,733,199
193	193	48,084	32,611	-	-
2,512,455	2,512,455	5,932,980	2,737,713	1,837,000	12,971,023
3,825,000	3,825,000	2,875,000	2,800,000	3,110,000	3,596,000
-	-	-	-	147,134	-
2,638,424	2,638,424	2,457,999	2,503,471	2,651,037	2,968,168
1,744,232	1,744,232	1,660,568	1,719,630	1,638,722	1,397,624
\$ 59,197,921	\$ 59,197,921	\$ 61,912,923	\$ 53,953,088	\$ 52,736,786	\$ 59,882,109

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Grantor/Program	CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-Through Number		Passed Through to Subrecipients		Federal Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Agriculture							
Passed Through Iowa Department of Education:							
Child Nutrition Cluster:							
Commodities	10.555	FY19-4951		\$	-	\$ 197,478	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	FY19-4553				866,743	
Total CFDA 10.555					-	1,064,221	
School Breakfast Program	10.553	FY19-4552			-	157,239	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster					-	1,221,460	
U.S. Department of Education							
Passed Through Iowa Department of Education:							
Special Education - Grants to States Part B High Cost Claim	84.027	FY19-4525	\$ 21,594				
Special Education - State Personnel Development Grant	84.027	FY19-4521	239,049				
Total CFDA 84.027 and Total Special Education Cluster					-	260,643	
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	FY19-4501			-	491,072	
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	FY19-4565			-	40,000	
Teacher Quality Program	84.367	FY19-4643			-	95,609	
Handicapped Prep	84.323	FY19-4526			-	45,170	
Title IV Part A Student Support	84.424	FY19-4669			-	37,845	
Passed Through Grant Wood Area Education Agency:							
Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	FY19-4531			-	19,634	
Title III - English Acquisition State Grants	84.365	FY19-4644			-	6,932	
U.S. Department of Defense							
Passed Through Johnson County:							
Payments to States in Lieu of Real Estate Taxes							
(Flood Control Payments)	12.112	FY19-4203			-	17,969	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services							
Passed Through Iowa Department of Human Services							
Model Employment Transition Source	93.631	FY19-4695				1,408	
Total				\$		\$ 2,237,742	

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

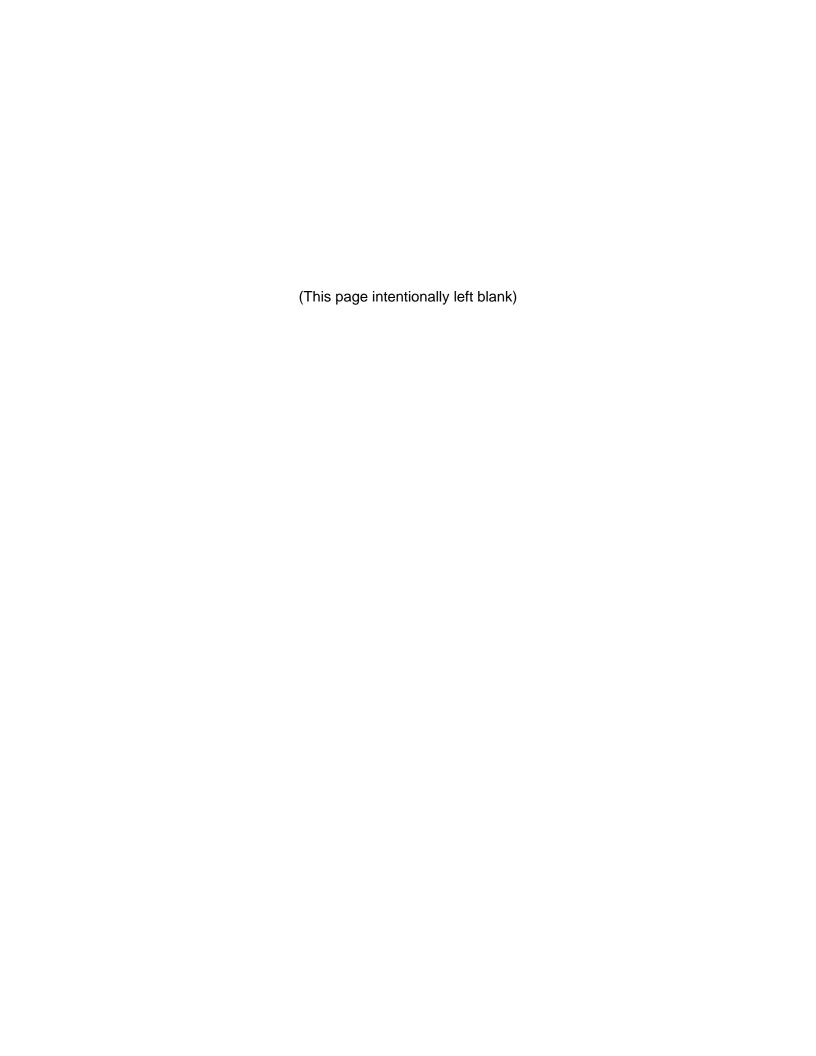
NOTE 1 GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal award activity of College Community School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2, U.S. Code of federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of College Community School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in financial position or cash flows of College Community School District.

The District has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 2 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Expenditures reports on the Schedule are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education College Community School District Cedar Rapids, Iowa

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of College Community School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related Notes to the Financial Statements, which collectively comprise College Community School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered College Community School District's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of College Community School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of College Community School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether College Community School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance or other matters that are described in Part IV of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2019 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

College Community School District's Response to the Findings

College Community School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. College Community School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

lifton Larson Allen LLP

Cedar Rapids, Iowa December 4, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Education College Community School District Cedar Rapids, Iowa

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited College Community School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of College Community School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. College Community School District's major federal programs are identified in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of College Community School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2, U.S. *Code of Federal* Regulations, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal* Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about College Community School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each of the major federal programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of College Community School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, College Community School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.



Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of College Community School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered College Community School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of College Community School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified a deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

College Community School District's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. College Community School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

"lifton Larson Allen LLP

Cedar Rapids, Iowa December 4, 2019

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Part I – Summary of the Independent Auditors' Results Financial Statements 1. Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified 2. Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? _____ yes ____X___no Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? X _ none reported yes 3. Noncompliance material to financial X____ no statements noted? _ yes Federal Awards 1. Internal control over major federal programs: Material weakness(es) identified? ____X___no _____ yes • Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be <u>X</u> ____ yes material weakness(es)? none reported 2. Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs: **Unmodified** 3. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516 (a) X yes _____ no Identification of Major Federal Programs CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster Child Nutrition Cluster 10.553 & 10.555 Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$ 750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

_____ yes ____X ___ no

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Part II - Findings Related to the Financial Statement

Our audit did not identify any financial statement findings.

Part III - Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

2019-001

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Agriculture

Federal Program Title: National School Lunch/School Breakfast

CFDA Number: 10.555/10.553

Pass-Through Agency: Iowa Department of Education

Pass-Through Number: FY19-4553,

Award Period: July 1, 2018 - June 30, 2019

Type of Finding: Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance

Criteria: Three percent of applications for free or reduced lunch are to be verified for income qualifications.

Condition/Context: Applications are to be verified by the district and review by a second individual. None of the five applications tested were noted as reviewed by a second individual.

Questioned Costs: None.

Effect: Lack of review of verifications may lead to providing free or reduced meals to students who are not eligible for those meals.

Cause: Oversight by program management.

Recommendation: We recommend program management establish procedures over the review of verifications for free or reduced meals.

Views of Responsible Officials: There is no disagreement with the finding.

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Part IV – Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting

- IV-A-2019 <u>Certified Budget</u> Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019 did not exceed the certified budget amounts during the year per Chapter 384.20 of the Code of Iowa states, in part, "Public monies may not be expended or encumbered except under an annual or continuing appropriation."
- IV-B-2019 <u>Questionable Expenditures</u> No expenditures that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- IV-C-2019 <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.
- IV-D-2019 <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the District and District officials or employees were noted.
- IV-E-2019 <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- IV-F-2019 <u>Board Minutes</u> We noted no transactions requiring Board approval which had not been approved by the Board.
- IV-G-2019 <u>Supplementary Weighting</u> No variances regarding the supplementary weighting certified to the Department of Education were noted.
- IV-H-2019 <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy were noted.
- IV-I-2019 <u>Certified Annual Report</u> The Certified Annual Report was certified timely to the Iowa Department of Education.
- IV-J-2019 <u>Certified Enrollment</u> No variances in the basic enrollment data certified to the Iowa Department of Education were noted.
- IV-K-2019 <u>Categorical Funding</u> No instances were noted of categorical funding used to supplant rather than supplement other funds.

COLLEGE COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Part IV – Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting (Continued)

IV-L-2019 <u>Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax</u> – For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District did not reduce any levies as a result of the monies received under Chapter 423E or 423F of the Code of lowa.

Pursuant to Chapter 423F.5 of the Code of Iowa, the annual audit is required to include certain reporting elements related to the statewide sales, services, and use tax revenue. Districts are required to include these reporting elements in the Certified Annual Report (CAR) submitted to the Iowa Department of Education. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District reported the following information regarding the statewide sales, services, and use tax revenue in the District's CAR:

Beginning Balance		\$ 7,441,973
Revenues/Transfers in:		
Sales Tax Revenues	\$ 5,289,828	
Revenue Bond Issued	7,069,000	
Other Local Revenues	 120,418	 12,479,246
	 	19,921,219
Expenditures/Transfers out:		
Instruction	475,939	
School Infrastructure Construction	7,325,731	
Support Services	35,850	
Debt Service	45,949	
Transfers to Debt Service Fund	 2,055,737	 9,939,206
Ending Balance		\$ 9,982,013

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District did not reduce any levies as a result of the moneys received under Chapter 423E or 423F of the Code of Iowa.

IV-M-2019 <u>Deficit Balance</u> – The District had a deficit balance in the Proprietary – Day Care Fund of \$(198,881). This was caused by the accounting for the net pension liability and other pension related items required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB No. 27.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The District should take appropriate action to return this fund to sound financial condition.

<u>Response</u> – This fund is considered to be run as a nonprofit by the District. Therefore, the profits from this fund will be very minimal each year. The District will work to return this fund to a positive balance over time, as it is a large deficit, but it will likely hold a deficit balance for many years.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

